Soviets advise PLO on Fateh rift

MOSCOW (RF- The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) is taking careful note of Soviet views on how to heal the rift between Syria and Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat, a PLO official said Monday. Rami Al Shaier, charge d'affaires at the PLO mission in Moscow, told a press conference that Moscow maintained equally good links with both the PLO leadership and the government in Damascus. Asked if the Kremlin was trying to mediate between them, he said that Soviet assistance "might be helpful" in ending the conflict, but did not elaborate, "We are earefully taking advice from the Soviet Union on this." Mr. Shaier said. "We are convinced that the contradictions between Syria and the PLO will be sorted out very soon."



Palestinian women stage protest

DAMASCUS (R1 - Scores of Palestinian women staged a sit-in demonstration Monday at the Damascus office of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) to protest against fighting between rival guerrilla factions in Lebanon. The Palestinian Women's Federation, which organised the demonstration, called for an immediate halt to the fighting between supporters and opponents of Yasser Arafat, head of the PLO and its mainstream commando group. Fateh. The women said in a statement that provocations and statements which would lead to Palestinian civil war should stop. The dispute within Fatch should be resolved through democratic dialogue, they said.

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Price: Jordan 100 fils: Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 rivals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Grown Prince receives | Hussein, Fahd review Lebanon, PLO Iraqí minister

AMMAN (Petra) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan. the Regent, conferred at his office Monday with Dr. Abdut Razzak Al Hashimi. Iraqi Minister of Higher Education and board chairman of the Arab Mining Company. Armico. The audience was to mark the end of Dr. Hashimi's mandate as the company's chairman of the board of directors. The audience was attended by Dr. Thabet Al Taher. Armico's general manager.

Thatcher advised to take rest

LONDON (R) -- British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher has been advised to take a rest from work because of eye trouble, her doctor said Monday. She is suf-fering from a scratch of the retina of her right eye which developed over the weekend. Dr. John Henderson said. A spokesman for the prime minister said she would be fulfilling only essential engagements this week and had postponed two interviews.

BBC team asked to leave Zimbabwe

HARARE (R) --- A South African-hased television team of the British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC) was asked Monday to leave Zimbabwe following a bau on foreign correspondents visiting black Southern African states from the white-ruled rep-

Fathi Arafat visits Moscow

BEIRUT IRt - Fathi Arafat. head of the Palestinian Red Crescent Society and brother of guerrilla leader Yasser Arafat, arrwed in Moscow Monday on a visit for humanitarian work, the Palesimian news agency WAFA reported: In a Moscow-datelined dispatch, the agency said Mr. Arafat had been invited by the Soviet Red Cross.

Mondale blasts **U.S.** deficits

MONTREAL | R) - Democratic presidential eandidate Walter Mondale said Monday the U.S. government's record deficits effectively impose a 25 per cent tax on American manufacturing. Mr. viondale told the United Food and Commercial Workers Union (UFCW) convention here that tederal deficits have sirengthened the U.S. dollar that "it's the equivalent to a 25 per cent tax on anything produced by Americans."

Poles demonstrate pro-union feelings

WARSAW (R) - Thousands sang pro-Solidarity songs and rai-sed their arms in V-for-victory sign Monday during a traditional day of remembrance at Warsaw's military cemetery for those killed fighting for a sovereign Poland. The demonstration of support for the banned Solidarity union took place at the Powazki cemetery on the edge of Warsaw amid graves and memorials for the victims of resistance struggles against pre-

INSIDE

vious occupying powers.

- Chad forces recapture strategic town, page 2
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- new bill on stock market debts, page 7
- Reagan's envoy meets. Salvador rebel leader,

yet been confirmed. page 8

Jordan, S. Arabia call for Arab unity

AMMAN — His Majesty King Hussein and Saudi Arabia's King Fahd Sunday night called for Arab unity and the withdrawal of Israeli forces from Lebanon and urged Arab states to support the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO).

The Jordanian News Agency. Petra, in a despatch from the Saudi resort of Taif, said the two leaders conveyed their position after lengthy talks on Lebanon. the situation in Israeli-occupied territories and the split within the PLO's Fatch guerrilla group.

King Hussein flew to Saudi Arabia Sunday for talks with Saudi leaders on vliddle East developments and returned to Amman Monday.

The visit coincided with a fresh American initiative to secure withdrawal of foreign troops from Lebanon, and renewed clashes between rival Palestinian groups

By Afifah A. Kalnti

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - The leader of the

Lebanese Progressive Socialist Party (PSP). Walid Junblatt,

Monday denied reports that there

have been contacts between him

and the Lebanese government on

ways to end factional fighting bet-

ween rightists and Druze mil-

itiamen in Lebanon's Shouf mou-

The Beirus daily As Safir reo-

orted Saturday that Lebanese Pre-

sident Amin Gemayel, at the sug-

gestion of the French and Ame-

ricans, had been in touch with

Druze leaders on resolving the rightist-Druze conflict. "There

said in an interview with the Jor-

The radio of the Lebanese

right-wing Falangist Party, whose

BEIRUT |R) - President Amin

Gemayel, declaring that a strong

army was Lebanon's only hope of

avoiding civil war. pledged Mon-

day that the army would take over

every inch of land evacuated by

Mr. Gemayel was speaking at a

passing-out parade for the first

batch of conscripts since military

service was introduced in April to

rebuild the army, which fell apart during the 1975-76 civil war.

. Referring to the recent upsurge

of sectarian violence. Vr. Gem-

ayel called on the Lebanese to

dan Times.

toreign troops.

in the Bekaa Valley. President Reagan's new Middle East envoy Robert McFarlane arrived in Beirut Sunday at a start of a Middle East tour which is also expected to take him to Jordan

Both countries have repeatedly called for an Israeli withdrawal from Lebanon, which they say could give impetus to the longstalled peace process in the region.

and Saudi Arabia.

King Hussein met Lebanese President Amin Gemayel late last month prior to Mr. Gemayer's talks with President Reagan in Washington.

Petra also said King Hussein.

Junblatt denies contacts with Gemayel

followers are battling the Druze, reported last Saturday that the

aim of the Gemayel-Druze con-

tacts was to ensure a peaceful

handover to the Lebanese army.

supported by the multinational

a planned partial withdrawal.

government."

has not been any kind of con-tact between us." Mr. Junblatt said.

force, when the Israelis implement

He said that the PSP proposed a

political solution to end the war

between rightists and Druze mil-

itiamen but "we have not received

Mr. Junblatt also denied that

there has been any reduction in'

the number of Falangist gunmen

in the Shouf mountains. "On the

contrary they are re-enforcing

Mr. Junblatt said he had no

knowledge that a Lebanese del-

egation will be arriving in Amman to meet him. "I have no kno-

any answer yet from the Lebanese

expressing concern over the situation in the Israeli-occupied West Bank, briefed King Fahd on developments there in the wake of tası weck's attack on an Islamic college in the West Bank town of Hebron.

The Saudi Press Agency later said in a despatch from Taif that the two monarchs held a further round of talks Monday morning.

King Hussein and King Fahd had similar views on various issues discussed, and they stressed the need for a serious Arab effort for clearing Arab differences. strengthening Arab solidarity and preserving the unity and ind-ependence of the PLO. Petra said.

The two sides also agreed to continue coordination and consultations between them in the service of the people of the two countries and the Arab Nation. the agency said.

King Hussein expressed appreciation of the role played by Saudi Arabia and King Fahd for integrating Arab efforts and materialising Arab solidarity. it

wledge of receiving any del-egation." he said. Reports in the

Lebanese media has suggested

that a Lebanese delegation will

come to Amman to hold talks with

where he met another Lebanese

opposition leader. Rashid Kar-

ami. eurrently holding talks in

Damascus, said he discussed with

Mr. Karami how to strengthen a

newly-formed Lebanese opp-

osition group, the "National Sal-

At a news conference in

Baalbek on July 23. Mr. Junblatt announced the "National Sal-

vation Front' of senior politicians

opposed to the government of

President Gemayel. The front inc-

ludes former President Suleiman

Franiieh and former Prime Min-

Mr. Junblatt, who returned to

Mr. Junblatt.

vation Front."

ister Karami.

violence flares

Fateh

BEIRUT (Agencies) — Fighting flared between rival factions in the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) near the ancient Lebauese town of Baalbek Monday and Lebanese radio stations said artillery and small weapon exchanges were going on.

Roads to the area were eut and it was impossible to determine the number of casualties or the extent of damage. The right-wing Falangist radio

said Iranian revolutionary guards based in Baalbek bellowed warnings to the combatants through loudhailers to stop fighting.

Amman Monday from Syria Correspondents in Baalbek later reported a ceasefire between the Palestinian factions was agreed in late afternoon, ahhough sporadic shooting was still heard up to half an hour after it came into effect at 14311 GMT.

Sources in the Arafat camp said they had lost one dead and two wounded from shelling during the

The Palestinian news agency WAFA said in a despatch monitored in Beirus that Syrian troops had surrounded positions held by forces loyal to PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat in the Bekaa Val-

Arafat provokes criticism

DAMASCUS (R) - Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafai has provoked a barrage of criticism with his accusations of Syrian involvement in the latest clashes between loyalists and rebels in his Fatch guerrilla group.

In a statement issued here Sunday night. a six-man PLO mediation team set up to resolve the 12-week-old split in Fateh over Mr. Arafat's leadership denied the allegation and called on PLO officials to maintain good relations with Syria.

The official spokesman of the PLO Executive Committee. Abdul Mohsen Abu Maizer, also denied Mr. Arafat's accusation and said the committee, which runs the PLO from day to day. had

nothing to do with it. The official Syrian news agency SANA quoted him as adding: "All those responsible in the various (Palestinian) resistance groups... are surprised at such accusations."

The Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP), one of the eight guerrilla groups united under the PLO umbrella, was also quoted as criticising Mr. Arafat.

A PFLP statement reported by SANA said Mr. Arafat's remarks "do not help establish the collective responsibility of the Palestinian leadership, nor do they indicate serious willingness to handle the internal crisis."

They were all referring to a statement on Saturday in which Mr. Arafat appealed to Arab leaders for help against what he said was Syrian and Libyan involvement in the factional fighting.

liar and a blackmailer.

Qasem, Yugoslav discuss **Mideast**

AMMANt Petra : - Foreign vlinister Alarwan Al Oasem received in his office Monday Yugoslav Foreign Ministry Under-Secretary Dmitr Januevski currently visiting Jordan, exchanged views with him on the current situation in the Middle East, the latest developments in Lebanon and the Iran-Iraq war.

The Yugoslav guest stressed that the two countries have similar views on the Middle East conflict. praised Jordanian efforts for establishing a just and durable peace in the region and expressed satistaction at the friendly relation between Jordan and Yugoslavia.

His Majesty King Hussein is received by King Fahd of Saudi Arabia upon his arrival in Taif Sunday (Photo by Petra and Zohrab)

Iraq says Iranian offensive foiled BAGHDAD (R) - Iraqi iroops shes with Iranian troops in some visited torces in the Kurdish mou-

repulsed a fresh Iranian attack early Monday in the central sector of the Gulf war battlefrom after fierce hand-to-hand-fighting, the Iraqi News Agency (INA) said,

A field commander, quoted by INA, said the attackers were driven "deep inside their territory" after suffering heavy losses in the fighting east of the Iraqi border town of Zurbatiyeh, about 160 kilometres east of Baghdad.

The commander said Iraqi armoured troops and commandos mounted the counter-attack against regular Iranian troops and brigades of revolutionary guards after withstanding a heavy art-

illery barrage. "Iraqi forces engaged in hand

He gave no casualty figures.

Monday afternoon that heavy fig- July 23. hting was continuing in the central sector and claimed Iranian troops were holding the upper hand and reinforcing positions.

Leader visits war front

Earlier, INA said President Saddam Hussein Monday visited Iraqi troops in the central sector. INA said President Hussein. armed forces' commanderin-chief, was accompanied by Defence Minister Adnan Khe-

irallah. It was his third reported troop

positions," the commander said. mains, 400 kilometres to the north, atter Iran launched a In Iran. Tehran Radio said cross-border thrust in the area on

Meanwhile, Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Vellayati said Monday his country would light on against Iraq in the Gulf war until Baghdad accepted three Iranian peace conditions.

In an interview with Reuters. Mr. Vellayati said these were complete Iraqi withdrawal Irom Iranian territory, payment by Baghdad of war damages and the punishment of the "aggressor".

As a first stage Iran was demanding that Iraq simply accept these conditions, and details of their implementation would be inspection in 111 days. He twice handled later.



The Neolithic statues discovered at 'AinGhazal lie in the ground in the same position in which they were abandoned some 8000 years ago. The smaller fig-

ures are in a semi-circle at the feet of the larger statues. (Photo by Henry Cowherd, Yarmouk Uni-

'Ain Ghazal excavations uncover stunning Neolithic human statues

By Rami G. Khouri Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - An American-led team of archaeologists working at the 9.000-year-old Neolithic site of 'Ain Ghazal in Amman has uncovered a stunning collection of modelled clay human statues and. figures which seem to be among the world's earliest known examples of primitive human statues.

The finds include at least three. and perhaps four, large statues of

about 80 centimetres length each, necks, sculptured faces and and at least five smaller figures wett-moulded human bodies, with measuring about 30 centimetres in length each.

They all seem to be made of sun-dried clay or plaster; or a combination of both. Some show evidence of having been painted in the dark red othre colour that is so typical of 'Ain Ghazal and other villages from the pre-pottery Neolithic B (PPNB) period that roughly spans the 7th millenium BC. The larger statues have long

some kind of hard, dark stone embedded in the eye sockets. One statue appears to have a small. black marine shell on top of the strine of one eye, and also sports three red ochre marks on its forchead. Another statue shows at least two red ochre marks on each cheek.

The 'Ain Ghazal dig is in its

(Continued on page 3)

Cairo releases Sadat family members

CAIRO (R) - An appeal court Monday ordered the release of Ismat Sadat, brother of the late President Anwar Sadat, and three of his sons.

The court also decided to uphold a lower court decision that their property should remain impounded.

Ismat and his three sons were sentenced to a year's imprisonment by a lower court earlier. this year after they had been convicted of a series of swindles said by the prosecution to have netted them an illegal fortune of more than \$100 million.

Ismat, 58, and his three sons. Galal, Talaat, and Anwar were all in the courtroom Monday along with some Itll relatives who attended the court session.

The Ismat family hugged and embraced each other as judge Ahmad Shibat Al Hamad pro-

nounced the release order. The court which examined the

appeal of Ismat and his family against their conviction was the Supreme Court of Ethics, the highest of two special tribunals set up by the late president to look into cases of political and economic corruption.

Anwar Sadat was assassinated in Cairo on Oct. 6, 1981.

Ismat and the accused members of his family were arrested last October and convicted on a total of 24 charges including undermining the economic interests of society, political corruption and amassing fortunes by usurping

state property and assets. Ismat's conviction triggered a minor cabinet reshuffle ordered by President Hosni Mubarak, who removed two ministers said to have helped and contributed tothe alleged illegal deals of the Ismat family.

McFarlane begins mission

BEIRUT (Agencies) - A new American initiative to break the deadlock over Lebanon got under way Monday, with President Reagan's new special envoy to the Middle East. Robert McFarlane. opening talks with Lebanese leaders on how to get Israeli. Syrian and Palestinian forces out of the сошпиту.

Mr. McFarlane met Foreign Minister Elie Salem for what state-run Beirut Radio described as discussions centred on troop withdrawal.

The two sides later split up and Mr. McFarlane contacted Washington while Mr. Salem and National Security Adviser Wadie Haddad briefed President Amin Gemayel and Prime Minister Sha-

fiq Al Wazzan. Lebanese official sources said Mr. McFarlane might meet Mr. Gemayel but the meeting had not

A U.S. embassy spokeswoman said no details of any aspect of Mr. McFarlane's schedule could be and their freedom. "Intruders and hirelings are concocting acts of subversion to strike at stability and play one

support the army as the only ins-

suspect practices, the disaster will

will reappear." Mr. Gemayel did not mention

ritution which could protect them

group against another, one community against another and one city against another.

"These people have not thought that if the army fails to stop these intensity and the spectre of war

Gemayel says army is the only hope were widely seen as aimed at milirant Druze whose leader. Walid Junblatt, has declared virtual war

on the army. The 33,000-strong army is poised to enter Druze strongholds in the central Shouf mountains when Israeli forces make a planned pullback from the area to safer positions in the south.

But Mr. Junblatt, whose men have been battling right-wing mil-iuamen in the Shouf for the past year, has said his men will fight the army if it tries to enter before the

any groups by name, but his words conflict is solved politically. Arens urges Western pressure on Damascus

has called for concerted U.S. and West European pressure on Syria to withdraw its troops from Lebanon, but acknowledged he saw no signs that Syria was planning a

Mr. Arens, winding up several days of talks with President Reagan and top administration officials, said Sunday he believed the Syrian government was sensitive to charges that its presence in Lebanon was illegitimate.

"It will take concerted and continuous effort on the part of the United States, Lebanon, Israel and hopefully countries in Western Europe to convince them they are better off getting out than staying in." he said in a television interview

But Mr. Arens acknowledged he had no reason at the moment to believe Syria was contemplating a withdrawal of its forces. "Not only do they not want to leave the area they control, but

they would like to take over all of Lebanon. They consider it a part of Syria," he said. During the Washington visit.

WASHINGTON (R) — Israeli Mr. Arens and Israeli Foreign Defence Minister Moshe Arens Minister Yitzhak Shamirwon U.S. support for a partial pullback of Israel's troops in Lebanon.

The administration initially feared the Israeli redeployment would lead to a partition of Lebanon between Syrian forces and Israeli troops in more secure positions along Lebanon's southern border with Israel.

But Mr. Arens reiterated Israel's position that the redeployment was simply the first stage in what it hoped would be a complete withdrawal from Lebanese territory once the Syrians also remove their forces.

"We are eager to withdraw as soon as possible. We will go all the way consistent with one request: that we assure the safety and security of the civilian population in the northern parts of Israel." Mr. Arens said. He said that strained relations between the United States and

Israel had improved in recent

weeks and that the two countries

have very similar views on the

approach to Lebanon and the

Middle East in general.

Syria reacted swiftly, calling Mr. Arafat an "insignificant man," a

Chad recaptures rebel stronghold

N'DIAMENA - The Chadian high command said Vlonday its troops killed 800 enemy soldiers when they recaptured the rebel stronghold of Faya-Largeau on Saturday.

Another 1,200 were captured 106 mm guns and four during the lour-hour battle for Brazilian-made Cascavel armcontrol of the northern pasis town which had fallen to former President Goukouni Oueddei's Libyun-backed rebel forces on June 24, the high command said in a communique.

It gave no details of government

The communique said several high-ranking officers were captured and an enormous quantity of military equipment seized after the battle which the Chadian news agency called "a victory of democratic forces over the Islamic legion and (Libyan leader Muammar Dadhali's mercenaries."

It included In groundto-ground missiles, eight 120 mm guns, eight jeeps equipped with

oured vehicles.

Libya Sunday again denied its imops were taking part in fighting in Chad, not referring specifically in the Chadian charges.

The Libyan foreign liaison bureau (foreign ministry) said however the Libyan air force had flown reconnaissance flights within Libya's borders after the recapture of Faya-Largeau.

In N'diamena Chadians demonstrated in the streets to demand that France and other Western allies of President Hissene Habre step up their military aid and provide air cover in response to Libva's alleged bombings.

Informed sources said the

Habre government had approached various governments. including those of France and the

U.S., for fresh military supplies. In Paris. Chadian charge d'affaires Ahmad Allam-vii said: "II France does not react, even at the diplomatic level, there is a risk of

escalation of the conflict."

Analysis said the recapture of Faya-Largeau. Mr. Oueddei's last remaining stronghold, was a serious blow to the rebel leader. Government troops have now regained control over most of this vast. semi-desert Central African nation wracked by civil war for the past 17 years.

An escalation of the conflict could depend on how far Libyan leader Col. Muammar Qudhafi was willing to go to prevent a complete rout of Mr. Oueddei, the analysts said.

On the government's side. Zaire, which has provided three Mirage jets to defend N djamena airport, could be persuaded to use them against Libyan jets, they

There are also an estimated 2.1011 Zajrean troops in the capital but they have yet to see combat.

Pentagon noncommittal

WASHINGTON (RI - U.S. Pentagon officials Monday refused to confirm or deny reports the U.S. carrier Eisenhower had been placed on alert in the viediterranean in response to Libvan air raids on Chad territory.
CBS relevision network late

Sunday quoted Pentagon sources as saying the Eisenhower, pre-viously scheduled to conduct flight manneuvres off the coast of Libys. had been placed on alert in response to the situation in Chad.

A U.S. Pentagon spokesman said the Eisenhower and another U.S. earrier, the Coral Sea, are currently in the Mediterranean along with 3tt other U.S. ships, but he said the Pentagon would not discuss the alert status of any ship

The U.S. State Department

Sunday condemned what it called "open aggression" by Libya for staging bombing raids in and around the town of Faya-Largeau on Chad's northern border. It said the United States was consulting with allies in the region to determine what action should be

Libyan claim

BEIRUT (R) - Libya said Monday Chad President Hissene Habre was trapped in the northern town of Faya-Largeau and was expected to surrender to rebels led by former President Goukouni Oueddei.

The Chad government recaptured Faya-Largeau from the rebels on Saturday and had appeared to be in control of most of the country. Informed sources in N'diamena said Sunday Habre had returned to the capital from the northern Oasis town



Mobile U.S. Marine patrol in West Beirut suburb. (J.T. file photo)

Turkey criticises Lebanon for not cracking down on Armenian rebels

ANKARA (R) - Uurkish For- Paris's Orly Airport and shot dead eign vlinister llier Turkmen attacked the Lebanese government vlonday for not elamping down on niry had cracked down on ter-Armenian guerrillas operating Irom Lebanon.

"Despite our repeated warnings, the Lebanese government has not taken the necessary mea-sures... the least they could have done was prevent Armenian terrorists boarding planes in Beirut armed like arsenals." he sold a press conference

tlr. lurkmen said Armenian guerrillas who have killed about 40 people in anti-Turkish attacks since the early 1970s were often found to have lead Lebanese pas-

Portuguese police sources said tive Armenians who died in an abortice assault on the Purkish emhassy in Lisbon on July 27 had Lebanese passports.

A policeman and the wife of a Furkish diplomat ivere killed in seven people in a bomb blast at said.

a Turkish diplomat in Brussels. Mr. Turkmen said if every cou-

rorism as Turkey had done since its Pusi military coup, "the Armenian terrorists toould have been wiped off the face of the earth".

The Armenian attacks have been prompted by what Armenians say was the massacre by Ottoman empire authorities of 1.5 million of their people in eastern Furkey during World War I. Successive Turkish gov-

ernments have denied the charge and Mr. Turkmen said a new document would be published this year to "explode the Armenian propoganda". vir. Turkmen criticised a world

congress of Armenians held last month in Lausanne. Switzerland. which called for land in Turkey once lived in by Armenians to be handed back and urged the United Nations to take up their case.

It would set "a very dangerous precedent" to raise the Armenian after Armenian guerrillas killed issue at the United Nations, he key's standpoint very welf".

Mr. Turkmen said the Lausanne meeting "showed the proximity of Armenian propaganda and Arm-

War alarms Turkey

ANKARA (Rt - Turkey Vonday urged its warring neighbours Iran and Iraq to ensure that fighting between them did not threaten Turkey's vital interests.

But Foreign Minister Ilter Turkmen played down fears here that fresh outbreaks of fighting in the central and northern Gulf warfronts could threaten an oil pipeline tunning from Kirkuk in Central Iraq to Turkey's Medterranean coast.

"Both countries should take care in refrain from harming not only Turkey's interests, but those of other countries in the region as well." Mr. Turkmen told a press conference here.

He added there had been no special initiative on the pipeline "as both belligerents know Tur-

Cairo expected to gain from next Arab summit

RABAT 1R1 - The next Arab Hosni Mubarak's government, summit is expected to allow Arab countries to resume diplomatic relations with Egypt on an individual basis. Arab diplomatic sources said here.

But the summit meeting, due to be held in Riyadh in November, is unlikely to rescind a 1979 decision to suspend Egypt's membership of

the Arab League,
Arab loreign ministers, reacting
to the Israeli-Egypt peace treaty which led to the evacuation of the Sinai, decided in April 1979 to break political and diplomatic links with Egypt. They also agreed to transfer the headquarters of the 22-member Arab League from Cairo to Tunis.

Four years later, a number of Arab states think it would strengthen the Arab cause to resume full diplomatic relations with Egypt, the largest Arab nation with more than 40 million people. the sources said.

Sudan: Somalia and Oman ignred the order to ostracisa Egypt and several others have since resumed political talks with President

Among those which severed relations. Morocco was the first to renew high-level talks with Cairo. Foreign Minister Ahmed Boucetta visited Egypt last summer and Mr. Mubarak's special envoy. Osama Al-Baz, came here soon

But Moroccan officials said at the time a resumption of full diplomatic ties would have to be coordinated with other Arab states.

Sudan suggested last year that Egypt should be invited to take part in the Arab summit of Fez. viorocco, but the idea was rejected, the sources said.

Since then, pressure by several countries keen to resume relations. has increased and the next Arab summit is likely to authorise each country to decide for itself whether or not to restore relations with Cairo, they said.

Otherwise those countries will go ahead without permission and League's authority, they said.

SANDBAG CITY, Lebanon - It

is 7 a.m. and the sun is already high above Beirui as the U.S. Marines who live in sandbag city (population 891 get ready to patrol the teeming Shi ite Muslim suburbs of the city.

By Michael Sheridan

Corp. Brian Lister forms up weapons company, average age 19, outside their encampment in the red dirt next to the main runway of Beirut Airport.

Write down your name, blood group and social security number on this list." says Corp. Lister, a gangling 20-year old from Bel-tsville, Maryland. "If anyone shouts 'ambush' or

you see me pump my arm like this (he indicates) hit the ground fast. "If anyone shouts' grenade" curl your arms behind your head.

throw yourself flat with your feet towards the blast and get on your feet as soon as it's gone off.

Any teply is lost in an unearthly elatter as a twin-rolor Chinook helicopter settles to earth in a cloud of dust and the 17 men of apons company. First Battalion Eighth U.S. Marine Corps. run at a crouch up into its belly.

There are 1.200 Marines attached to the four-nation peacekeeping force here. The openended task dates from the reassignment of the Marines to Beirut last September after the massacres of Palestinian and Lebanese refugees by Christian militiamen in the Sabra and Shatila camps.

Their mandate is to help the Lebanese army get into shape and to assist in keeping order. The point of this patrol is to "demonstrate a U.S. presence and gather information."

The patrol will trudge through the poverty-stricken southern suburbs close to the dangerous Sidon Road, where Israeli troops

.... Kuwait (KAC) Medina (Saudia) Baghdad (IA)

.. Kuwait (KAC Beirut (RJ

Jeddah (RJ

Baphdad (RJ)

. Abu Dhabi |RJ| Cairo (EA| Cairo |EA)

. Dohe (RJ)

Weapons company normally handles mortars hui on foot patrol the Marines carry M-16 rifles. Some have M-203 grenade launehers and there is an vi-fit machinegun team.

Marines' luck holds out in Beirut

Five minutes of juddering flight from the airport, wheeling above the wretched slum houses and smallholdings, the Chinook bumps to the ground and weapons company charges down the ramp.

They fan out at a run to circle the chopper, hit the earth flat amid weeds and barbed wire, weapons at the ready. The helicopter soars away and it

is curiously quiet in the frontline district near the warring Christian and Muslim townships of Shweifat and Kfarshima as the patrol deploys along the road in a long col-

A few minutes later, it is in the middle of a Shi ite district and the Marines gape at the posters of Iran's revolutionary leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini on every wall.

Some friends

But despite the revolutionary slogans and insignia of the Shi ite Amal militia on the houses, the are oesieged by smal ldren shouting greetings, pleading 'photo, photo' and waving from windows.

Most adults give a friendly "marhaba" but some of the younger men slip back into the shadows with grim expressions on their faces.

"I guess we've been really lucky so far but we've had no serious trouble on any of these patrols that I can remember." says one a quarter hours. Marine as he tramps along a bac-

As a matter of policy, the Mar-

on, sweat pours off the body.

ines carry their VI-16s fully loaded, but slung over their sho-Although it is not yet nine in the morning, the sun beats down mer-

The patrol stops, lacing our wards along an open stretch of road, to slake thirsty throats from water canteens.

Back home in sandbag city, a horribly exposed position in the flat terrain, the Marines day after their patrol is split up between exercises, weapons training, classes and sport. .

The vlarines are regular spectators of anillery duels and exchanges of fire between rival Lebanese militias or the l'urious response that follows attacks on Israeli troops. A young viarine who had car-

ried heavy radio gear for the whole length of the patrol grinned as he let the set off his back and on to the ground. "I guess going out is better than sitting around." he said. "But I

just hope there isn't another goddamn fire fight to keep me nwake tonight." It moves on in silent, watchful

formation as Corp. Lister gives orders by a series of hand signals and quiet commands passed down dhe column.

The Marines have strict instructions that theirs is not a polieing role." If we meer with hastile lire we can shoot hack in self delence." the corporal says. "But il we hear shooting we're not supposed to go get involved in it."

Once away from the slum streets, the men pass through open fields and the whine of jet engines welcomes them back to the airport perimeter. They have walked about eight kilometres in two and

Three of the four nations in the peacekeeping force operate loot pairols in their own sectors. The Marines run them in a limited zone around Beirus airport and the southern suburbs, the Italians in the south-central Beirut area. cilessly and after walking kil- and the French in the Central ometres with a heavy flak jacket West Beirut area. The British do not run foot patrols.

Assad talks tough in message to army DAMASCUS (R) — Syrian Pre-sident Halez Al Assad has said his army. The address, to be pub-Syria and the Arab Nation, is still

country will continue to confront Israel in Lebanon so long as Israeli invasion continues.

"So long as Israeli invasion of Lebanon continues. Syrian armed forces will continue to confront the usurpers of er Lebanese soil as part of the wider controllation imposed by Arab-Israeli struggle."

The pledge came in a message by President Assaul as commander-in-chief to his armed forces, marking the 38th ann- aeli invasion "with all its dangers

JORDAN TELEVISION

| 17:50 | Emergency | 18:10 | Majid | 18:35 | Small World | 19:00 | Local Programme | 19:10 | Sports

 10:10
 3ports

 20:00
 News in Arabic

 20:30
 Arabic Senes

 21:30
 Arabic Music

 22:10
 Arabic Senes

 23:00
 News in Arabic
 Sports

18:00 French Programme 19:00 News in French

21:10 Secret Army
22:00 News in English
22:15 Movie of the Week — Et Green

RADIO JORDAN

855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM

A partle on \$2500 KHz, SW

10:00 News Summary

639, 720, 1413 KH=

06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 The Towers of Trebizond 06:45 Interlude 06:55 Ref-

10:05

...... Morning Show

...... News Summary

...... News in Hebrew 20:00 News in Arabic 20:30 Comedy: Sorry? 21:10 Seciel Army

FOREIGN CHANNEL

MAIN CHANNEL

TV & RADIO

lished in two military magazines. was distributed by the official SANA news agency.

President Assad said his couniry's battle "is long and releniless" but "we have confidence in our capabilities to emerge victorious since we possess the will of fighting and the potentials to achleve victory with our own force supported by Arab masses and our sincere friends in the world."

He said the 14-month long Isr-

lections 07:00 World News 07:09 24 Hours News Summary 07:30 What's New 07:45 The World Today 08:09

Newsdesk 08:30 Jazz For the Asking 09:00 World News 09:09 24 Hours News Summary 09:30 Orlando Gibbons 09:45 Network U.K. 10:00 World News 10:09

Network U.K. 10:00 World News 10:09
Reflections 10:15 The Monument 10:30
Alternative Proms 11:00 World News
11:09 British Press Review 11:15 The
World Today 11:30 Interfude 11:40
Look Ahead 11:45 The Big Top 12:15
Against the Trend 12:30 Diversions
13:00 World News 13:09 News about
a ritain 13:15 Letter from London 13:25
Scotland This Week 13:30 Sports International 14:00 Radio Newsreel 14:15
The Ouarter 14:45 Sports Round-up
15:00 World News 15:09 24 Hours News
Summary 15:30 Network U.K. 15:45 A
Jolly Good Show 16:30 Gulliver's Travies 17:00 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Outlook 17:50 Racing 18:00 Pageant of the
Past 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Wimbledon '83 18:45 Cricket 19:00 World
News 19:09 Scotland this Week 19:15

bledon '83 18:45 Cricket 19:00 World News 19:09 Scotland this Week 19:15 Europe's United Peace 20:00 World News 20:09 News about Britain 20:15 Radio Newsteel 20:30 Nature Not-book 20:40 Farming World 21:40 News Summary 21:43 Look Ahead 21:45 Orl-ando Gibbons 22:00 World News 22:09 21 March News Summary 23:04 America

crouching on Lebanese soil sowing the seeds of dissention that would serve ambitions of the U.S. and Zionism."

He accused the U.S. and Israel of working to undermine Arab sol-

Mr. Assad reiterated Syria's rejection of the Lebanon-Israel withdrawal agreement which he said was "worse than the Camp David accords," and blamed the U.S for instigating the Lebanese government against Syria and the Arabs.

Afghanistan raps China

interfering in its affairs after China's foreign minister toured Afghan refugee camps in Pakistan last week.

A foreign ministry statement. order" back to Afghanistan.

"We stand firmly on your side."

The radio said China's "provocative acts" represented rep-

The statement said Peking was cooperating with Washington in arming and training guerrillas. It also accused the United States of threatening Afghanistan and

ISLAMABAD (R) - Afg- Pakistan since Soviet intervention hanisian has accused Peking of in neighbouring Afghanistan in

read over Radio Kabul Sunday night, said Peking was arming opponents of the Soviet-backed Kabul government to help bring what it called the "old and rotten

On Thursday Chinese Foreign Minister Wu Xueqian visited some of an estimated three million Afghans who have taken refuge in to Pakistan.

1979.

he told them and promised more relief aid.

eated interference in Afghanisian's internal affairs.

India by increasing its military aid have come under repeated guerrilla attack.

.. Cairo (EA)

17:35

AMMAN AIRPORT

ARRIVALS

09:05 Aqaba (R)
99:05 Aqaba (RJ)
09:38 Jeddah (RJ)
99:40 Dhahran (RI)
69:45 Kununir (D1)
09:50 Muscat, Dubai (RJ)
10:06 Doha, Bahrahi (RI)
99:50 Muscat, Dubai (RI: 10:00 Doha, Bahrain (RI) 10:15 Beirut (RI:
19:35 Muscat, Dubai, IGAI
11:30 Ankers (Turkish Airways)
13:00 Mowcow (Acroflot)
(3:25 Cairo (EA)
14:40 Kuwait (KAC)
15:20 Jeddah, Medina (Saudia)
16:15 Athens (RJ)
16:39 Baghdad (LA)
16:30
16:45 Tunis (Tunisian Airways)
17:15 Paris, Beirut (AF)
17:15 New York, Amsterdam (RJ)
17:30 London, Belgrade (RJ)
18:15 Bahrain (RJ)
18:30 Cairo (RJ)
18:45 Amsterdam, Athens, Beiru
(MEA)
19:40 Frankfurt, Damascus (LH)
19:55 Caim (EA)

Armeniau Orthodox Church Ashrafieh. 75261. St. Ephraka Church (Syrian Orthodox) M. Ephrann Church (Syrian Church), Ashrafish, 71751.
Ashrafish, 71751.
Araman International Church (Interdenominational): meets ar Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 663249.

93:17			F
04:52	***************************************	. (Sunrise)	Shu
11:43			Dh
15:24			
18:32			Mach

This information is supplied by Alia information department at the Queen Alia International Airport sel. (08) 53250, where it should always be verified.

9:39 Jeddah (RJ)	
9:40 Dhahran (R)	MONEY EXCHANGE
9:45 Kuwait (RJ)	-MONDI BICKELICE
9:50 Muscat, Dubai (RJ)	
0:06 Doha, Bahrain (RJ)	Local sellibuy rates in fils
0:15 Beirut (RJ)	Belgian franc
9:35 Muscat, Dubai, IGAI	Dutch guilder 123.7/ 124.4
1:30 Ankers (Turkish Airways)	Egyptian guinea 322.7/ 326.7
	French franc
3:00 Mowcow (Acrollot)	
3:25 Cairo (EA)	224
4:49 Kuwak (KAC)	the same and the s
5:20 Jeddah, Medina (Saudia)	Japanese yen (for 100) 150.9/ 151.8
6:15 Athens (RJ)	Kuwaiti dinar 1247/ 1252.7
6:39 Baghdad (LA)	Lebanese lira
6:30 Bangkok (RJ)	Omazi riyal 1054.2/ tu61.2
6:45 Tunis (Tunisian Airways)	Qelari riyal100.1/ 100.4
7:15	Saudi riyal
	Swedish crown
7:15 New York, Amsterdam (RI)	
7:30 London, Belgrade (RJ)	ON DE SOUR HANDENDE
&15 Bahrain (R)	Syrian lira 63.4/ 64
8:30 Cairo (RJ)	UAE dirham 99.5/ 100.1
8:45 Amsterdam, Athens, Beirut	U.K. sterling pound, 556.6/ 559.9
MEA)	U.S. dollar
9:40 Frankfurt, Damascus (LH)	W. German mark 138.1' 138.7
	. College back (dain 1904)
9:55 Cairo (EA)	

DEPARTURES:

....... Beirut (MEA)

15 Damascus (R)	Meteorology.
90 Agaba (RJ) 55 Cairo (RJ)	It will be relatively
5 Beirut (MÈA)	light and variable
15 Damascus, Athens. Geneva, Zur- ich (SA)	thwesterly moderat will be northerly
10Vicana, New York (RJ)	calm.
00 Athens (RI)	, Lawkish
Cairo (RJ)	Lowihigh ter

...... Cairo (EA) ... Cairo (RJ)

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

warm. Winds will be changing to sou-te. In Aqaba, winds

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 36, Aqaba 42, Humidity rea-diags: Amman 24 per cent, Aqaba 15

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

EMERGENCIES 44433 Grand Palace (axi

Faisal taxi ...

HOSPITALS Hussein Medical Centre ... N13N13-32 Khalidi Materniry, J. Amman 442N1-4 Akleh Materniry, J. Amman ... 42441 Jabal Amman Maternity 42362 Jabai Amman Materury 42362 Malbas, J. Amman 56140 Palestine, Shmeisani 664171-4 Shmeisani Hospital 669131 University Hospital 845845 Dar Al-Shifa, J. Hussein 66715R Al-Mussher Hospital 667227-9 The Islamic, Abdali 665202 Al-Abli Abdali 665207 Al-Ahli. Abdali 664164 halian. Al-Muhajreen 771111-3 Al-Bashir. J. Ashrafich 75111

Army, Marka NIGHT DUTY AMMAN:

GENERAL	
Jordan Television 731	11
Radio Jordan 741	t I
Ministry of Tourism	11
Hotel complaints 66641	12
Price complaints 6611	76
Telephone:	
Information	12
Jordan and Middle East calls	Ш
Overseas calls	17
Cable or telegram	ĮΧ
Repair service	11

Dr. Said Dahmash 2773/72656

Al Wihdah pharmacy 2(14)

MARKET PRICES

Upperllower price in fils per kg.	Grapefruit210/190
Apple (American) 500 / 450	Grapes 28/1 / 240
Apple (Donble Red) 150 / (20)	Grape leaves 360 / 300
Apple (Golden)	Lemon
Apple (local)	Lemon (yellow)
Apple (Starken) 150/120	Marrow (large) 120 / 90
Apricots 25u / 200	Marrow (small) 190 / 1511
Sanana 270 / 230	Mallow 7U / 5II
Banana Mukammari 230 / 200	Meion 80 ! 50
Seans200 / 160	Meion (super)
abbage	Onion (dry)
arrol 15u / 12u	Okra27u / 230
auliflower (white) 200 / 160	Oranges 300 / 25U
Demies	Peaches 35tt / 250
hick peas (green) 90 / 70	Peas 300 / 250
om	Pears 450 / 35U
ucumber (large)	Pepper (Sweet)
ucumber (small)	Pepper (Hot Green)
ggplani (large) 70 / 40	Plums (red: 2S0 / 200
-CEDIADI (SMAII) 14(1/1(N)	Poratoes
akkous	Kadish
Gartic 360 / 300	Tomatoes
	Watermelon 90 / 711

ando Cribbons 22:09 World News 22:09 2-4 Hours News Summary 22:30 Against the Trend 22:45 Musie in the Family 23:15 Wimhledon Report 23:30 Gul-liver's Travels 24:00 World News 00:09 The World Today 00:25 Scotland This World News 01:49 Command the First News 01:49 News Summary Pop Session lary 01:15 Latin '83 01:30 Mer-14:10 Instrumentals 15:00 Concert Hour 16:00 News Summary 16:05 . Instrumentals, Old Favourities VOICE OF AMERICA 1200, 5965, 7200, 15205, 11725 KHz 17:30 05:00 The Breakfast Show: News. Inf-05:00 The Breakfast Show: News. Informal Presentation of Popular Musie with Feature Reports, Interviews, Answers to Listener's Questions, Science Digest. News Summary at 3tl minutes past the hour. 17:00 News 17:10 Magazine Show 17:30 Special English News and Features 18:00 News 18:10 Newsline 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News 10:10 Magazine Science 10:34 Now Newsline 18:30 New Manageme 18:30 Newsline 18:30 New Manageme 18:30 New State Management 18:30 New State Manageme Top Twenty
...... Newsdesk
...... Date with a Star Evening Show News Summary News Headlines 19:10 Magazine Show 19:30 Special English News and Features 20:00 News 20:10 Newsline 20:30 Now Music USA 21:00 Newsline 21:30 Dateline/Focus 22:00 News and Editorial 22:15 Music USA Jazz 23:00 VOA World Report BBC WORLD SERVICE

... Pon Session

Paintings by Margaret Osburn at Hotel Amra.

CBS NEWS At the American Centre at 4:00 and 7:00 p.m.

TODAY'S EVENTS

Araman Municipal Library 36111 University of Jordan Library ×43555

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costurnes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Anthan, Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760. Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the anniquities of Jordan, Jabal Al Qul'a (Citadel Hill), Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Fridays and official holidays IUOU a.m. 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays.

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a colection of paintings, ceramics, and scu-

EXHIBITION

CULTURAL CENTRES Royal Cultural Centre Tel. 661026/7 Spanish Cultural Centre. Turkish Cultural Centre 39777 Haya Arts Centre 655195
Hussein Youth City 667181
Y.W.C.A. 41793

MUSEUMS

section of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists, Muntazah, Jabal Laweibdeh, Opening hours: 10,00 a.m., 1,30 p.m. and 3,30 p.m. - 6,00 p.m., Closed Tuesdays, Tel. 30128.

Military Museum: Collection of additional contents of additional contents of additional contents.

Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilis dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman, Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 1.50 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays, Tel. 37169.

SERVICE CLUBS

WHAT'S GOING ON

Lious Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche Hotel, 1.311 p.m.

Lious Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Amman Marriott Hotel, 1.311 p.m.

Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1.311 p.m.

every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:311 p.m. Rotary Cinh. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Royal Automobile Cinh. Jabal Amman. Eighth Circle. Tel. 815261.

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, tcl. 24591, Church of the Annunciation (Roman Catholici Jabal Luweibdeh, 37440. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholies Jabal Hussein, 661757. Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodoni Abdali, 23541. Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemert Jabal Amman, 41559. Armenian Catholic Church Ashralich, 71331.

PRAYER TIMES

93:17		·н·:	Fair
04:52	***************************************	(Sunrise)	Shurua
15:24		····	'Ast
18:32	***************************************		Maghreb

FOR THE TRAVELLER

99:39 Jeddah (I	ıß
99:40 Dhabran (i	₹Tİ
09:45 Kuwait (F	ขเ
09:50 Muncat Dubai (1	21,
99:50 Muscat, Dubai () 10:06 Doha, Bahrain ()	ž;
10:15 Beirut (I	
19:35 Muscat, Dubai, IG	Ăί
11:30 Ankera (Turkish Airwa	yst
13:00 Mowcow (Acrof)	DI)
(3:25 Cairo (E	Al
14:40 Kuwait (K.A	C)
15:20 Jeddah, Medina (Saud	iai
16:15 Athens (1	
16:39 Baghdad (
16:30 Bangkok (1	
16:45 Tunis (Tunisian Airwa	vel
17:15 Paris, Beirut (A	
17:15 New York, Amsterdam ()	
17:30 London, Belgrade ()	
18:15 Bahrain (1	
18:30 Cairo (1	
18:45 Amsterdam, Athens, Be	irut
(MEA)	
19:40 Frankfurt, Damascus (L	H)
19:55 Caim (E	Δ.

11:0 ... Paris, London (RJ) Geneva, Frankfurt (RJ)
Ankara (Turkish Airways)
Bahrain, Abu Dhabi, Muscat 14:00 Moscow (Aeroflot)

Armico elects Jasem as new board chairman

AMMAN (Petra) - The Arab Under-Secretary Faisal Salman Mining Company (AMC) board Ghali as the deputy chairman. of directors elected Kuwaiti director of ebemical industries Hussein Al Jasem as chairman of seminar on inter-Arah planning AMC board of directors to replace and cooperation in copper and Iraqi Minister of Higher Edu- lead mining projects. cation and Scientific Research Dr. Abdul Razzaq Al Hasbimi.

The meeting approved rec-ommendations by the AMC April

AMC, a joint Arah enterprise established in 1975, after a dec-During its Monday meeting at isson taken by the Arah Council AMC Amman headquarters. for Economic Unity, has a capital AMC board of directors also ele- of 120 million Kuwaiti dinars. cied the Iraqi Ministry of Industry contributed by 15 Arab countries.

ables, and participated in various

FJCC, Turkish envoy discuss trade links

AMMAN (Petra) - Federation discussed by the two sides which of Jordanian Chambers of Commerce (FJCC) President Hamdi Al Taba'a and FJCC Secretary-General Amin Al Husseini discussed with the Turkish ambassador in Amman Monday the outcome of a recent visit to Jordan by a delegation representing the Federation of Turkish Chambers of Commerce.

Ways of capitalising on the outcome of the visit in the future were

the Board of Directors Ali Gha-

was unable to attend, Alia Vice-

President Public Relations Khaled

Bitar read the speech on his beb-

icer TriStar fleet, was awarded an

Order of Merit' by WAEO Pre-

Nineteen others also received

awards, among them, Jean Loup-Chretien, the first French'

astronaut, and Dr. Sally Ride, the

first American woman astronaut

Taghrid is the first Arah woman

to serve as a pilot in an airline

Taghrid originally studied aer-

onautical engineering in England.

hut finally switched to flying her

She joined Alia as a flight eng-

Since 1981, she has been first

Taghrid insists that there is not-

hing special about her inv-

olvement in aviation, saying that

she just feels lucky to be doing the

job she's been trained for and likes

The WAEO holds its congress

every other year, and they are ser-

iously considering staging their 1985 congress in Amman, Juni

ineer on the Boeing 707 fleet in

1975, and was promoted to first

sident Mr. Kamal Naguih.

to make a space voyage.

on return to Jordan.

officer B707 in 1978.

officer on the TriStar.

cockpit crew.

also discussed land transport cost between Jordan and Turkey, and the possibility of using sea traasport to reduce the cost of commodities traded between the two countries.

The two sides also discussed the prospects of increasing the volume of Jordanian exports to Turkey to adjust the present deficit in the balance of trade between the two

Journalist vote set for Aug. 19

AMMAN (Petra) — The Jordanian Journalists Association is to hold its elections on Aug. 19. in accordance with hyelaws which were published here Monday.

ndour was invited to present a The byelaws, updating those paper on "The Importance of Commercial Aviation in an Emeissued in 1953 when the assrging Nation". Because Ghandour ociation was first established, defines subscription fees for the joumalists and outlines the role of the press associations which issue daily or weekly publications. During a gala hanquet on July 15. Taghrid Akasha, Alia first off-

According to the new byelaws. the association will receive fees totalling one per cent of the total annual advertisements placed in the newspapers, and this amount is not to be less than JD 2.000.

JD 400 raised for children

AMMAN (J.T.) - A charity cake sale was held in the garden of the residence of the British defence attache Monday afternoon.

The event, which was attended hy nearly 200 people, raised over JD 400 for a number of children's charities in Jordan.

AMMAN (Petra) — The adm-

inistrative committee of the Jor-

dan Society for the Production

and Marketing of Eggs (JSPME)

held a meeting at the Jordan Coo-

perative Organisation (JCO)

The meeting formed a com-

mittee for the marketing of eggs in

Monday.

Egg committee formed

society.

Queen Mother celebrates birthday

AMMAN (Petra) — Queen Mother Zein Al Sharaf today celebrates her birthday, and the Jordanian people, remembering her honourable stands and sacrifices throughout her life, congratulate her on this occasion.

Oueen Zein has been throughout her life the embodiment. of motherhooo, devoting her life to the upbringing of her eldest son. His Majesty King Hussein. his brothers. His Highness Prince Mohammad and His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent. and his sister Her Highness Princess Basma. according to the honourable tradition of the Hashemite family, and on the basis of commitment to Arab heritage and selfless service of the nation and its honourable cause and prosperity.

The Queen Mother's efforts are well reflected in the wise and exemplary leadership given by King Hussein to the Jordanian people. Ever since the early days of the young Jordanian state. Queen Zein called for an overall development of society so that all women could realise their full potenual in the educational and occ-

upational fields. Her view being that this would enable women to carry out their national responsibilizies and work hand in hand with the men to promoting the construction of a modern

Queen Zein has contributed immensely to social development in Jordan through a continued support for welfare and voluntary societies, and actual participation in the supervising of the Om Al Hussein Welfare Society. The society offers care and edu-

cation to orphans, and has set an example to other welfare societies in Jordan. The Oueen Mother has also kindly granted aid and support to a number of social act-We wish the Queen Mother a

lengthy life and good health on this occasion, and King Hussein, the leader of the Nation, all pro-



Alia officer gets aviation award and women engaged in a wide var-"Aviation and Space Education in iety of subjects related to aviation. the Service of Mankind". space and education, heard a Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airnumber of presentations hy notline, President and Chairman of

panel discussions.

Aerospace Education Organisation (WAEO) held its 3rd world congress on aerospace education in Washington, D.C. during July 10-15.

International participants, men



Alia first officer TriStar fleet Taghrid Akasha is presented with her award at the World Aerospace Education Organisation world conference in Washington D.C.

to get cash boost

Ramtha services

RAMTHA (Petra) - A total of JD 60.000 has been earmarked to establish joint services for four villages in the Ramtha district, according to Ramtha District Governor Mahmoud Al Sari.

He said that the villages of Turrah. Shajarah, Amraweh and Thneibeh will receive a health centre and a post office.

Jordan in compliance with a def-

ence order restricting egg mar-keting to the jurisdiction of the

The establishment of grading

stations and a JSPME office in cooperation with JCO was dis-

cussed during the meeting, in add-

ition to the issue of importing pou-

ltry feed by the society to reduce

The meeting was attended by

CO director-general and his

the cost of production.

Vallon optimistic on future increase in Jordan's exports to Switzerland

AMMAN (J.T.) - Switzerland's to participate in the Lausanne amhassador to Jordan Mr. National Fair due to be held bet-Andre-Louis Vallon has descrihed his country's relations with aims further to bolsier economic Jordan as exemplary and expressed a hope that they would further develop to the benefit of both countries. The ambassador made the statement to the local press to mark the Swiss Confederation's

692nd national anniversary. The ambassador reviewed the scope of cooperation between Jordan and Switzerland especially in the technical, cultural and economic fields.

Royal Scientific Society extensive technical assistance over the past four years and has financed the training in Switzerland of Jordanians in liotel and tourism management affairs, Mr. Vallon said. In the economic field, Swi-

tzerland has invited Jordan.

among other developing nations.

ween Sept. 12 and Sept. 25. This and trade cooperation between the two countries, the ambassador pointed out. He said that the Jordanian pay-

ilion will certainly attract visitors

in view of the meticulous preparations conducted under the supervision of Minister of Industry and Trade Walid Asfour. The pavilion will be decorated with archaeological artifacts and will exhibit tourist sites such as Switzerland has offered the Petra and Jerash, he added.

However the present trade halance between the two countries favours Switzerland which now exports JD 10 to JD 12 million worth of products annually, while Jordan's exports to Switzerland are comparatively meagre, the ambassador said.

balance will be recrified as the volume of trade grows between the two sides.

In the interview, Mr. Vallon expressed his country's readiness to help find an acceptable and durable solution to the Middle East problems. "My country will be quite willing to host an international conference aimed at putting an end to the Iraq-Iran war and other conflicts in the region." the ambassador said.

He said "Switzerland is a neutral country, but this does not prevent it from doing all it can to help the Palestinians and the Lehanese to find a just solution to their pro-

Switzerland really regrets not to have previously contributed to the peace efforts and wants to help bring an end to the bloodshed and the sufferings of the peoples of the He expressed a hope that the region, the ambassador said.

Stunning Neolithic statues found

(Continued from page 1)

second season, under the directorship of Dr. Gary Rollefson of Yarmouk University, Jordan, and Dr. Alan Simmons of the University of Kansas. USA. The two co-directors told the Jordan Times in an interview here this week that they believe the statues date from around 6,200-6,000 BC, based on the similarity of the smaller figures to some others found at Jericho in the 1950s by Dame Kathleen Kenyon. She firmly dated ber figures to the period 6.250-6000 BC.

The larger statues found at 'Ain Ghazal also resemble three statues discovered at Jericho in the 1930s by Professor John Garstang, who excavated at Jericho between 1930 and 1936. In her book "Archaeology in the Holy Land'. Dame Kathleen Kenyon wrote of Prof. Garstang's finds: "In the 1930-36 excavations, a very different kind of human representation was found. This consisted apparently of three almost life-sized figures of plaster, hut of them only the head of one could be preserved The head in profile is a flat disk, and is thus a very stylised representation...

Well preserved

The importance of the finds at Ain Ghazal lies in the relatively well preserved state of the statues and the smaller figures, considering that they are 8,000 years old. The sculptured human faces and bodies of the statues may represent the earliest examples anywhere in the world of mankind's first attempts at making buman representations of this sort. Smaller elay figurines of animals or even of human shapes have been found at 'Ain Gbazal and other Neolithic digs, but nothing quite as large as the 'Ain Ghazal statues has been discovered in such good condition since the 1930s.

Thus these statues will provide much valuable information on mankings earliest known attempts to produce such nearly life-sized figures. It was only a short time after the 'Ain Ghazal People abandoned their village



Close-up view of four heads of the larger statues. The second from the right lies face down. (Photo by Henry Cowberd, Yarmouk University).

that true fired and haked pottery makes its appearance in the Middle East area, around 6,000 BC. But it would he another 2,500 or 3.000 years later that "real" stone statues would make their appearance in the world, in the Egyptian and Mesopotamian civilisations of the 4th millenium BC.

Mrs. Diana Kirkbride-Helback. a leading international scholar on the PPNB period who this year concluded her eighth season of work at the important PPNB site of Beidha, in south Jordan, told the Jordan Times that the 'Ain Ghazal finds are extremely important because of what they can teach us about the gradual cultural and artistic transition that people made during the Neolithic period. She noted in an interview here this week: "The people of the prepottery Neolithic B period were experimenting with the use of clay. to make small figurines, or bowls, or other small items, and gradually they started making larger fig-urines and modelled clay human figures such as these. Soon afterwards, they fired their clay items, and the era of true ceramic cultures bad begun. This is very. very exciting."

'Ain Ghazel-Jericho links

One of the important points

ing years is the relationship between 'Ain Ghazal and Jerieho. and the similarities between these statues and the earlier ones discovered by Prof. Garstang in the 1930s. Mrs. Kirkbride-Helbaek has seen the Garstang statues (only one of which has ever been published), and she says there are very strong similarities between them and the 'Ain Ghazal finds.

Dr. Rollefson and Dr. Simmons tend to believe the statues probably had some cultic significance. and may have been buried in their present arrangement intentionally, with three of the hig statues lying facing the same direction, and perhaps a fourth statue underneath them at a 90-degree angle. The smaller figures appear to be intentionally arranged in a semi-circle at the base of the bigger statues. There is also a facedown skull near the smaller figures, but the archaeologists have not yet removed it from the ground and thus cannot say if it is a plastered and decorated buman skull similar to the famnus pla-

stered skulls found at Jericho. Three other face-down skulls were also discovered at 'Ain Gbazal earlier this week, but also bave not yet been removed from the

The international importance of

that will be dealt with in the com- this discovery and the extreme care that is required to remove the finds from the ground and preserve them prompted the Department of Antiquities to bring in a conservationist from the Uni-versity of London's Institute of Archaeology. The con-servationist, Mrs. Kathy Tubb. is working on the statues this week, and after removing them from the site will treat them so that they will be conserved and can be exhibited permanently at the Amman Archaeological Museum.

The 'Ain Ghazal excavation is being conducted by Yarmouk University and the Department of Antiquities, with the cooperation of the American Centre of Oriental Research (ACOR) in Amman. Major funding for the dig this year has come from the National Geographic Society (USA), with other funding also coming from Yarmouk University, the Department of Antiquities, the Cobb Institute of Archaeology at Mississippi State University, the Wenner-Gren Foundation (USA) and the University of Kansas.

The statues and figures were actually discovered and excavated in the "square" supervised by Marci Donaldson, assisted by Jania Ashby and Linda Kurtz.

Charities to exhibit at Jerash

JERASH (J.T.) - Jerash District Governor Fayez Al Abbadi said here Monday that Jerash cha-ritable societies are to display of their work at the Jerash Festival

due to open on Aug. 12.

He said that a special committee charged with organising the event has completed preparations for a exhibition of such items in a special area assigned in city of Jerash. Local handicrafts, fine arts, fashion shows of traditional dress and book exhibitions will be included in the display.

Tal visits community college, literacy camp

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of Education Sa'id Al Tal Monday visited Hawwarah Community College, and reviewed the training courses being offered to schooheachers at the college and the related training school. The courses are being attended by 430 teachers training in nine different fields.

Earlier in the day. Dr. Tal opened the Arab Youth Camp on adult education at the Ajloun Community College, organised by the Min-istry of Education and the Arah Organisation for the Eradication of Illiteracy (AOEI).

In an address to the participants. Dr. Tal praised the efforts of the AOEI in achieving their aims. He said the concept of adult education had realised great progress since the first conference held in Den-

He added that the adult education programme has accomplished a lot in pursuing its aims of promoting social justice and furthering

international understanding.

AOEI representative Jamil Shafiq thanked Jordan in his address

to the participants for hosting the camp, and added that the present camo represents a new approach on the pan-Arab level to the eradication of illiteracy and adult education.

The camp, scheduled to last for 15 days, is being attended by 55 youths from Jordan and other Arab countries.

Jordan Valley midwives training course ends

IRBID (Petra) - A month-long training course for midwives emp-loyed in the Northern Jordan Valley region ended here Monday. The six participants received training on modern methods of caring for pregnant women and child delivery.

According to Dr. Salim Al Simadi, director of the child and mother care centre here, a training programme for midwives has been drawn up to be carried out in stages, and is aimed at improving the skills of women employed as mid-

Thirty-one entrants to take part in third Jordan International Rally

By Ara Voskian Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Thirty-one entries will participate in the Jordan Int-ernational Rally which will be held from Aug. 11-12 according to Royal Automobile Club (RAC)

Speaking at a press conference held Sunday at the Amman Mar-riott Hotel, RAC officials said that 14 Jordanian cars will take part in the rally and the rest will be from European and the Gulf countries.

The Jordan rally, which is sponsored by the Amman Marriott Hotel, is the first in the new Middle East championship which is itself a big attraction for foreign and local competitors.

Most of the foreign competitors have already arrived in Jordan and the drivers are practising on the rally routes. Mr. Peter Salah, the under-

secretary of the Ministry of Information, said during the press conference: "It is very difficult to prepare a rally, it our country can organise such a rally then it shows the extent of its development."

Also present during the press conference was Mr. Haile Aguilar. general manager of the Amman Marriott Hotel whn, commenting on the preparation for the rally said: "The Jordan rally is one of the best organised rallys I have ever seen in my 30 years as a rally

Mr. Aguilar, who is a veteran rally driver, has participated in many rallys in different countries

during which he was one of the two drivers representing Jordan. Mr. Aguilar, who will be driving a Toyota Corolla GT. will be assisted by a new navigator, his son Fitz Aguilar, instead of his longtime partner Mrs. Teresita Aguilar, his wife. She will also be entering the rally in her Datson 210

including the Kuwait Int-

emational Rally held on Feb. 10

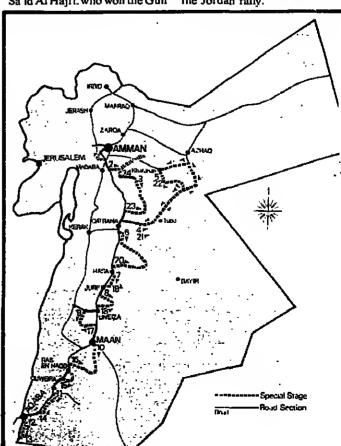
Batayneh, who will be the first Jordanian woman navigator to participate in a Jordanian rally. Ziad Bustami, who was the second Jordanian competitor at the Kuwait International Rally, will also participate in the event with Bassam Dirani as his navigator

and will be assisted by Mrs. Gloria

and will drive a Nissan Silvia 2(8) Also participating in the Jordan rally will be Michele Saleh who won the two previous Jordan Intemational Rallys in 1981 and 1982. Michele will be driving a Toyota Celica 2000 rally with his long time navigator Antoine

Concerning the forthcoming event Michele, who has nine years experience as a rally driver, expects a lot of competition. "This year's rally can not be compared with the previous year's" said

Sa'id Al Hajri, who won the Gulf the Jordan raily.



Jordan International Raily route map

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Destination Red Square

THE BEST reason for bringing the Soviet Union into any Middle East settlement process is the fact that no solution to the Arab-Israeli conflict is possible unless and until Moscow has had a role to play in it. The rationale, however, for involving the Soviets in this area's troubles - and they are troubles exists in more than one form.

The Kremlin no doubt has drawn a line beyond which the U.S. and Israel cannot go in this area. Syria apparently is at the centre of that line. And even the Americans have now come to realise how important Moscow and its friends in the Middle East are to any regional settlement.

So, unless the Soviet Union loses completely its foot-hold in the area in a CIA-engineered earthquake measuring 20 on the Richter scale or something, all concerned had better take full account of the Soviet role in this region's politics.

For their part, the Soviets' Arab friends should always welcome Soviet cooperation in the Middle East, and for good reasons at that. President Assad, for one, looks politicallyminded and intelligent enough to know that much of the way to his regime's survival passes through Moscow, in terms of both political and military supports. The Syrian regime is also not in a hurry, to put it mildly, to reach a solution to the conflict with the Israelis as Damascus has not much to lose from the current "no-war, no-peace" situation, and, in the end, attempts to bring about a joint Soviet-American venture on the Middle East look near impossible at this stage.

This too may easily explain that, as long as Moscow continues to have even a semblance of a foot-hold in the Mediterranean, the Soviets would have to be reckoned with as a component force in the Middle East equation.

The rationale for a Soviet role in the region exists also in a third form. The United States itself, through its daily handling or mishandling of Middle East affairs, is doing everything it can - doubtless unwittingly -- to convince the Arabs of its ill-intentions or lnability to be their friend. On the strength of this argument alone, the most sceptical of all Arabs would naturally turn to the Soviet Union for help, friendship and understanding.

Many Arabs have so far done just that, and m present circumstances, Moscow looks set to be accommodated. Add to all this the fact that there has to be no rationale for

every imponderable of Middle Eastern politics, and you will have many Arabs emotionally upt for a Soviet participation in our troubles in these difficult times, in any way. So, after they are assured of a place under the sun, the

Soviets would presumably still have interests to look after and would want to take advantage of their stronger presence in our midst. But. why not? At least, they should be there if they had indeed deserved it -- rationally or otherwise.

Ask the Americans.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: McFarlane's wrong itinerary

NO ONE can predict the reason behind Washington's decision to make Beirut the first stop for its new envoy to the area Robert McFarlane, Mr. McFarlane himself might have decided on that to prove Washington's interest in Lebanon and to stress an already declared American commitment to work towards removing all foreign troops from Lebanese territory. But Lebanon is in need of more than this commitment and more than a simple reiteration of past promises. It needs practical steps to implement Washington's pledges made during President Gemayel's visit to the United States. This means that the U.S. envoy will not find any thing to say to the Lebanese president if he does not carry new positive ideas that can help the implementation of these commitments, and bring peace and stability to Lebanon. McFarlane will not need a long dialogue with the Lebanese leaders because Lebanon has always been responsive to Washington's ideas and has always displayed a readiness for

Al Dustour: Pressing need for unification

KING HUSSEIN'S meeting with King Fahd of Saudi Arabia assumes a special importance, coming at a time when the Arabs are passing through a critical stage of their history. Their meeting was held at a moment when differences among Arab countries are increasing and interminable problems have beset the Arab Nation. Needless to say, these divisions will dominate the talks of the two monarchs, since both are keen to serve their nations and its causes. The visit is important as it comes amid reports of an impending Arab summit which would address itself to Arab problems, and because the two leaders have unique roles to play in such affairs.

King Hussein has been of the opinion that the disasters that plagued the Arabs were not always brought upon them by their enemies as it is the Arabs themselves who are often to blame for many of the divisions and disasters. Therefore, there is no way of ridding the Arab Nation of its problems except by reuniting their ranks, pooling their resources and building up their intrinsic force to confront all common

Sawt Al Shaab: Still not too late

THE MEETING between King Hussein and King Fahd was essential in view of the dangers threatening our nation and the divisions prevalent among its constituents. The topics that await the two leaders are many hut most importantly the two leaders are expected to discuss the Iraq-Iran war, which has been simmering for the past three years because of Iran's expansionist aims in Iraq and the Arahian Gult region. Iran has not only been launching acts of aggression against Iraq but of late has been intensifying its propaganda campaigns against Saudi Arabia and the Gulf States in order to force them to curtail their aid to Iraq. Iran has ambitions in the Arab World and the Arab leaders must come together to discuss the means of stemming its dangers and threats.

Furthermore, the Arabs continue to witness Israel carrying out its arbitrary measures in the occupied territory. It has been particularly active in Hebron where it continues to establish settlements, evict the indigenous population from their homes and desecrate holy shrines.

Jordan Times Bekaa clashes divert Palestinian struggle astrary

By Phil Davison Reuter

BEIRUT — The fighting between Palestinian commando factions in east Lebanon's Bekaa Valley is a conflict for which neither side seems to have much heart.

It has diverted the Guerrillas from their goal of fighting for a Palestinian homeland, however. and shifted world attention from the same issue.

Sporadic clashes over the past two months have causedrelatively-few casualities despite the fact they have involved artillery, rocket-propelled grenades. heavy machineguns and other

Palestinians in Beirut believe the numbers of fighters killed can be measured in dozens. Over 100 have been wounded.

But with such heavy weapons involved, higher casualties could

have been expected. The protagonisis, supporters and opponents of Fatch commando chief Yasser Arafat do not seem to have the desire to shoot to kill, the Palestinians here believe.

Only three months ago, the 6.000 or more Palestinian fighters in north and east Lebanon were united, watching the progress of Middle East peace moves and ready to fight together for a homeland.

But Fatch, the largest commando grouping in the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). was split about two months ago when militant elements rebelled over what they saw as a softening of the PLO position over Middle East peace talks.

Like Mr. Arafat, PLO chairman and longtime symbol of the Palestinian cause, many Palestinians believe Syria and Libya were responsible for sparking the inter-Palestinian fighting.

Syria is accused of wanting to also express frustration at the Palsplit the commandos in order to put them more firmly under Syrian control as an extra card in the tough poker game of Middle East

Many Palestinians in Beirut feel the Bekaa fighting is a severe selback for the Palestinian cause.

"It's so stupid. They have been duped. At the very time they should be united in the face of dip-

estinian fighting, saying it has belped to bury the issue of a Palestinian homeland -- which was at the centre of U.S. peace moves at the end of last year -- beneath the question of foreign troop wit-

hdrawals from Lebanon. "It also shows the frustration of the commandos". one Arab dip-. ·lomal said, "They are trained to fight, so it didn't take much to get

NEWS ANALYSIS

nging in the Bekaa sun."

lomacy which will affect their them going after months of louwhole future, they are beating the living daylights out of each other." said one Palestinian civilian.

'(Syrian President Hafezt Assad has sent them out to fight, like parents send their children out to play, to keep them out of the way while he gets on with neg-otiating with the Americans." Many Arab diplomats in Beirut Palestinians concerned

Palestinians in Beirut are concerned that recent Bekaa fighting has affected local Lebanese civilians and could cause a backlash against Palestinians, including the refugees in Beirut and other areas

was in the village of Jdita. where the Bekaa meels the central mou- stronghold in Lebanon. He also ntains. A number of Lebanese civilians were killed or wounded camp in Baalbek. while many houses were badly damaged.

of Lebanon.

Fears of Lebanese involvement increased when the Palestinian clashes spread to the vineyards outside the eastern town of Baa-

militiamen hold sway and Iranian Revolutionary Guards are among the resident armed groups.

Tripoli clashes

There was a clash involving heavy weapons between Palestinian commandos and a Lebanese armed group in the Mediterranean port of Tripoli, but it was widely seen as an isolated inc-

Tripoli, where there are around

40,000 Palestinian refugees and Most of the past week's fighting large number of commandos in two camps. is Mr. Arafat's major has support in the one refugee

Reporters visiting Mr. Arafai loyalists and the followers of rebel Fateh Colonel Abu Musa at their positions in the Bekan usually find

them relaxed during the day. The shooting generally erupts at night, but it seems the former There Lebanese Shi ite Muslint comrades prefer to gain ground with minimum casualties.

The fighters on both sides look the same. Among the younger fighters, however, the traditional uniform or the chequered blackand-white headcloth favoured by Mr. Arafat, have given way to headbands. T-shirts, jeans and sneakers.

But for the fact they are armed with rocket-propelled grenade launchers or assault rifles they could be teenagers anywhere.

Vital U.S. interest?

By Bernd Debusmann

MEXICO CITY — Central America has become a key factor in United States policy-making chiefly because Washington insists that vital U.S. interests are at

stake in the turbulent region. But on several counts, the extent to which the region, consisting of seven backward and weak countries with a total population of 20 million, can be called vital to the U.S. has been questioned in the area itself.

U.S. officials cite Central America as of significant economic importance to the United States. However, direct investment in the region from the United States

is estimated at less than one per cent of total American investments abroad. Exports to the area from the

United States amount to about one per cent of total American sales abroad and imports from Central America are even lower.

Banana war?!

Once dubbed "banana republics", the countries of Central America -- Guatemala, El Sal-vador, Honduras, Nicaragua. "Panama. Costa Rica and Belize"still subsist largely on exports of bananas and coffee to the U.S. and other industrialised countries.

While 60 per cent of bananas caten in the United States come from Central America and every fourth cup of coffee as well. a European economist in Nicaragua remarked that most people would not regard these factors as vital to the U.S. economy.

The only Central American country in confrontation with the United States is Nicaragua.

Yet by itself. Nicaragua could not threaten the United States militarily even if it wanted to.

Its population of 2.7 million is roughly equal to the combined strength of active U.S. military forces and the National Guard.

'The notion of us threatening the United States, a nuclear superpower, is patently absurd," Nicaraguan Interior Minister Tomas Borge remarked recently.

'Domino theory' again

In summing up the threat he sees to U.S. national security. President Reagan has declared:

"If (left-wing) guerrilla violence succeeds... El Salvador will join Cuha and Nicaragua as a base for spreading fresh violence to Guatemala. Honduras, even Costa Rica.

"The killing will increase and so will the threat to Panama, the Canal and ultimately Mexico'.

But Latin American critics of

the Reagan administration say it has not provided convincing evidence of a danger to U.S. security. The Panama Canal, for exa-

mple, is already protected by 9.000 U.S. troops stationed in the Canal zone, backed by combat aircraft and helicopters, and could be reinforced at short notice.

"The idea that left-wing guemillas might try to seize the Canal. taking on the U.S. Southern Command, is rather difficult to visualise." a Western military attache said. "So is a Cuban or Soviet invasion of Panama".

According to U.S. statements. the long-term aim of the Soviet Union in the area is to tie down U.S. military forces south of the United States borders and thus destroy Washington's capacity for

reinforcing Western Europe in case of an emergency. But at least one West European

country has appeared to adopt 2 different attitude to Nicaragua. France sent a 16-strong gov-

work out increased cooperation. The visit came a few days before the U.S. announced naval and mil-

pressure on Nicaragua's leftist leaders.



Ethnic riots threaten Sri Lankan integrity

By Jeremy Clift and Najmul Hasan

COLOMBO - Pent-up antagonism between the two main ethnic communities in Sri Lanka has exploded into the worst race riots on the island since independence in 1948.

Official figures put the death toll in last week's violence at 50. but unofficial sources said it was probably much higher.

Beneath the flare-up lies deeprooted resentment among the minority Tamils that they are being treated as second-class cit-

izens. Tension between the majority Sinhalese and the Tamils, who number around 3.5 million in an island of some 15 million people. has been a simmering problem for the government of President Junius Jayewardene.

Residents said it had ben fuelled over the past two months by increased activity by Tamil guerrillas fighting for a separate Tamilspeaking state in the north of the island.

Guerfilla attacks on government institusions and other targets culminated in the last week-end killing of 13 soldiers. sparking a wave of reprisals, inc-

luding the massacre of 35 Tamil prisoners in a Colombo jail.

The government imposed a curfew on four districts, including the capital and later extended a night curfew throughout the island.

Troops in battle fatigues parrolled the riot-scarred streets of Colombo. The curfew as lifted during business hours. Two years ago at least eight

rioting but the latest outbreak has been the worst of its kind since independence from Britain. The government has blamed a guerrilla group called "liberation

people were killed during similar

Tigers of Tamil Eelam", which was banned four years ago by President Jayewardene, for the growing ethnic tensions. Prime Minister Ranasinghe

Premadasa told parliament that the administration in the northern Jaffna district, the main base of the guerrillas, had been seriously affected.

The main targets of the guerrillas were railway stations. government buildings and public buses, he said.

The Tamils live mainly in the northern and eastern parts of the country. They have a separate culture, language and religion from the Sinhalese, who are mostly

The Tamils' ancestors came -the bloodshed in Sri Lanka profrom Hindu southern India and they still have strong links with the Madras region.

Colombo accused the Indian government of interfering in its interoal affairs after Delhi expressed concern about emergency regulations in force in the Jaffna district.

Tamil aspirations were boosted in the 1977 general election when the main party of the minority community, the Tamil United Liberation Front (TULF), became the main opposition party in the assembly,

The TULF, which is leading the political campaign for a separate state, accuses the government of discriminating against the Tamils. It denies any connection with the guerrilla movement.

The government recently invited the TULF and three other opposition groups to discuss the amil problem. So far all of them have boycotted the talks, posingmounting problems for an administration anxious to attract foreign investment and toursts to the palm-fringed island.

New Delhi reacts

The feelings in the southern

mpted Prime Minister Indira Gandhi to take the unusual step of sending Foreign Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao to study the sitvation on the troubled island.

Mr. Rao told parliament last weck: "Developments affecting the Tamil population in Sri Lanka give rise to feelings on the Indian side and create situations of str-

The events in Sri Lanka have been a major subject of debate in the Indian parliament. Members, cutting across party

lines, have demanded tough goverament steps to prevent "atrocines' against Srì Lankan Tam-Suggestions have included sending Indian troops to Sri Lanka to

protect the minority community. raising the issue in the United Nations or breaking diplomatic relations with Colombo. Opposition Janata Party Member S.C. Jha said: "India has never

time it cannot remain a silent spectator to human rights violations." New Delhi, cautious in the past in commenting on the Sri Lankan Tamil unrest, expressed res-

interfered in the internal affairs of

another country, but at the same

ervations about Sri Lankan eme-

Indian state of Tamil Nadu over regulations which allowed

These days most Catholics leave about the long-term future of the organisations such as the militant Ulster Volunteer Force (UVF).

south.

being marked down as targets by Republican para-military groups, mainly the Irish Republican Army fessions drifted away.

Order also boasted bishops and deans among its members. Now for our generation to join, nowadays young people want to know

The Orange Order will certainly survive another century.'

Young Irish Protestants cool on 'Orange Order'

By Colin McIntyre

BELFAST - The Orange Order. the Protestant organisation in Northern Ireland which is traditionally a dominant political and social force in the British-ruled province, is alive and well but fac-

ing some membership problems. To most of the one-millionstrong Protestant majority, the Order is a bastion against any encroachment of the Catholic Church and a defender of the province's ties with Britain.

But the Sunday Tribune newspaper in the largely Catholic Irish Republic. voicing views probably shared by many of the 500,000strong Catholic minority in Northefn Ireland, said the Order was "a bigoted, sectarian and malign influence on Irish society, and the

sooner it goes out of business the better."

Earlier this month the Order celebrated its big day of the year. the anniversary of the battle of the Boyne in 1690 when England's Protestant King William of Orange beat the Catholic King James the Second, whom he had earlier ousted.

The Itiliani Northern Irish members of the Order, descended from Scottish and English Protestant settlers given land seized from Catholics, marched throughout Northern Ireland, including Catholic areas, to celebrate

In a ritual that has changed little over the years, the Orangemen marched in their traditional uniform of black bowler hat and white gloves, behind huge drums once used to warn Catholics to get

town for the countryside and beaches on Orange Day, long before the drums start booming.

Members of the Order, which has branches in other countries including the United States. Canada. Australia and Ghana. heard speaker after speaker affirm loyalty to the British Crown, refusal to deal with the Catholic Church and belief in strict law and order and capital punishment.

While the original aim of the. Order was "to aid and assist all loyal subjects, of every religious persuasion, by protecting them from violence and oppression." the 1921 division of Ireland into a British and "free" state ensured that religious and political affiliations became inseparable.

But while numbers marching this year matched previous years. Orange leaders are concerned

organisation, founded in 1795. Members of the Order was a

prerequisite for unionist polilicians in the former Protestantdominated Northern Ireland parliament as well as in the security forces, but since London introduced direct rule in 1972 this power-base has been abolished. There was a time when the

the church is represented by young conservative Presbyterian ministers. Since the start of Northern Ircland's present wave of sectarian troubles in the late 1960s, the

squeezed from two sides. Firstly, young Protestants who felt the Order should bave taken a more active role have transferred their allegiance to para-military

Order's membership has been

which is banned. Secondly, at the height of the troubles when Orangemen were

security forces to dispose of bodies

of people killed in shootings wit-

The measures were enforced

last July by the Sri Lankan gov-

ernment to fight separatist Tamil

guerrillas, campaigning for a sep-

India of meddling in its affairs.

Sri Lanka protested, accusing

Sinhalese suspicion of India ari-

ses because of the espousal of the

Sri Lankan separatist cause by

some political groups in Tamil

Sri Lankan police have said

Tamil guerrillas slip back and

forth between the northern pen-

insula of Jaffna, the main base of

India has denied it is barbouring

Mrs. Gandhi said her gov-

ernment was against secessionist

movements in sovereign states

Sri Lankan separatist movement is

untikely because it could enc-

ourage Tamil nationalism in the

Nadu raised secessionist demands

in the 1950s and the state's chief

minister. M.G. Ramachandran is

an advocate of more autonomy for

An opposition group in Tamil

Analysts say any support for the

and did not condone terrorism.

their activity, and Tamil Nadu.

hour an inquest.

erate Tamil state.

any guerrillas.

(IRA), members from the pro-"Il is difficult getting young people interested in the Order." said Walter Williams, the general secretary. "Whereas it was natural

what they are getting out of it."

Asked about the future of the Orange Order, Mr. Williams said plans were already well under way to celebrate the 300th anniversary

of the battle of the Boyne in 1990.

ernment team there last month to itary moves designed to step up

American Indians reclaim their homeland

I shall vanish and be no more. But the land over which I now roam Shall remain And change not.

By Joy Aschenbach

WASHINGTON - We're giving the land back to the Indians -- at least some of it.

More than a century after the last treaties were made with the white man. Indians are still doing battle over land, and this time in some cases, they're winning.

If the Indians were to get every acre they're fighting for they would about double their present territory in the contiguous United States, winding up with a total of some 100 million acres, about as much land as the nation's third largest state. California.

The biggest land settlement so far has awarded Alaska natives a total of 44 million acres. Elsewhere the greatest gians bave' come in the east - 300,000 acres

Omaha Indian of Maine. 185,000 acres of Flo-

Land, not dollars In the west some of the Sioux

are seeking the return of the Black Hills. "It's our Holy Land. as sacred to us as Jerusalem is to the Jews, Christians, and Muslims." explained one Indian leader. The U.S. Court of Claims awarded the Sioux more than \$105 million for the 7 million acres they lost. But the Indians so far have rejected the cash offer, claiming the "Black Hills, and religious rights, are not

In the east, where some of the strongest land claims exist, the biggest unsettled group of claims covers about balf of New York state. The Oneidas alone -- left today with only 32 acres there --

acres were once theirs.

"Owning land is a matter of tribal survival. Without a substantial land base. Indians will be overwhelmed by the surrounding society," said attorney Arlinda F. Locklear, of the Native American Rights Fund (NARF).

least a dozen states: The Wam- 187]. panoags of Mashpee. 13,000 acres of Massachusetts on Cape Cod. promised to them perpetually by the Plymouth colonists; the Catawbas, about 140,000 acres of South Carolina: the Chitimachas. 7.11(I(I acres of Louisiana; the Pueblos, 16tt.000 acres of New Mexico; the Western Shoshones, more than 18 million acres of Nevada.

Many tribes today have never admitted they lost title to their land. They believe it's still theirs. But despite the trend, which started about 1970, of Indians seeking and getting land as well as monetary compensation, they are territory had dwindled to a total of not likely to wind up with most of the acres they're now demanding. maintained through today (exc-

shrinking territory. Today Indians reservations. bave less than 5 per cent of the land they once had. In what has been called the largest real estate transaction in American history. the Indians in 370 treaties neg-. otiated away nearly 2 billion acres of North America, leaving themselves 140 million acres by the Indians want land back in at end of the treaty-making period in

> It was generally recognised that the white man's right to buy always took precedence over the Indian right not to sell. Through formal treaties and a series of subsequent agreements, the U.S. government bought 95 per cent of its public domain from the Indians for an estimated \$800 million.

Indians lost millions more acres through problems with a government programme that allotted lands to individual tribal members and often resulted in forced tax sales. By 1934, when the allotment programme ended. Indian about 50 million acres, a level

Theirs has been a sad history of luding Alaska). Most of this is on

More than half of America's 1.4 million Indians live on or near the approximately 300 reservations. Haunted by a "loser" image left over from cowboy-and-Indian days, they have a long list of of claims besides land, including water. fishing, and mineral rights.

Trying to get back has been nearly as difficult as fighting to keep it in the first place. Generally from the post-Civil War period until 1946. Indian tribes could not sue the government except when granted permission by special act of Congress. Indians generally were not recognised as citizens until

Day in court

The creation of the U.S. Indian Claims Commission in 1946 was the first major attempt to give Indians their "day in court". But the commission was designed to handle only claims against the federal government and could award only cash, not land.

"They thought then that was the way to settle everything and pay off the Indians at rock-bottom prices." said Suzan Harjo. legislative liaison of NARF.

Most land claims in the east stem from the Trade and Intercourse Act of 1790, which declared all transactions between white men and Indians not ratified by Congress null and void.

Indian land claims therefore have roughly divided along the Mississippi River. To the west, the claims usually are against the U.S. government, which "bought" most of the land directly through treaties and agreements ratified by Congress. "Stealing fair and square." as the process has been called

In the east the claims are mainly against third parties -- state and local governments and private citizens. Much eastern Indian land had been lost of the states before the new central government was formed. When the 1790 law was passed by the fledgling Congress. the states tended to conduct business as usual, taking land without congressional ratification.

Thus in its 32-year tenure, the Claims Commission primarily heard petitions from Western tribes. who contended that they had been underpaid for the land back when the treaties were made. The commission handled some 500 claims, making awards in more than half, totalling about SNOW million. Its actions recognised the Indians' original "ownership" of most of the west, including huge chunks of California. Arizona. New Mexico. Montana, and the

Dakotas. When the commission disbanded in 1978, the pending cases were turned over to the U.S. Court of Claims, which since then

claims in the east, and even some

NEW MEXICO

has awarded an additional \$430 million to the Indians. Landmark in Maine

ARIZONA

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MAJOR

INDIAN

CLAIMS

WESTERN SHOSHONE

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NEVADA

Only in three eastern states have the Indians so far succeeded m getting land back - Rhode Island. Maine, and Florida. The victory in Maine by the Pas-samaquoddy. Penobscot. and Malecite was a turning point for land claims.

A complicated case, it had staried simply enough in the late 1950s when a Passamaquoddy tribal leader was shown a copy of a 1794 treaty that his wife's elderly great-aunt had been keeping in a shoebox. The Maine tribes, who had fought for General Washington in the Revolutionary War. had been promised their lands in perpeluity.

By the time all the claims were put together, the tribes were demanding more than 12 million acres. nearly two-thirds of Maine. When the dust finally settled in 1980. they agreed to accept 300,000 acres and about \$82 million, most of which was to buy the land, the majority of it privately owned.

So far the tribes have acquired about 225,000 acres, mostly forest land held by paper and lumber companies. But the Passamaquoddy in 1981 also bought a 5,0(0)-acre blueberry farm. In Indian hands, it has become the largest independent grower of commercial wild blueberries in Maine. The Indians there have gone

from being the poorest people in a poor state to being significant landowners and entrepreneurs." Ms. Harjo said. "In the east. only land can make Indians competitive in the economy".

The success in Maine, which followed a smaller 1,800-acre Narraganset victory in Rhode Island. they were indeed fair". has been an incentive to other land

in the west.

"But it's absurd to be concerned that real estate on the entire eastern seacoast is tainted with clouded land titles." according to attomey Tim Vollmann, assisiani solicitor for land and minerals for the Interior Department's Bureau of Indian Affairs.

LOUISIANA

ONE/DA

CAYUGA

SENECA

EINONDAGA

claim: 5 million acres

claim: 3 million acres

claim: 4 million acres

State with major clain 222 (figures approximate)

SOUTH DAKOTA

Nationally he called the land claims situation "manageable", Claims usually skirt major population centres. A large exception is one of the Oneida suits in New York, which takes in the cities of Binghamton. Waterlown, and

Custer and gold

In the West, where the 1790 law generally was not violated, the tribes have taken other paths to get land back. The Sioux charge that the Black Hills, set aside for the Indians in an 1868 treaty, was taken by Congress without due process less than 10 years later -after gold was discovered there and Custer killed at the Little Big Horn, Most of South Dakota's Black Hills is held today by the U.S. Forest Service.

"It was a forced sale in 1877 The Sioux defeated Custer and we've had a hard time... been penalised ever since." said Robert Fasthorse, executive director of the Oglala Sioux, a spokesman for those refusing the cash offer.

Although it is now recognised that many ratified treaties were entered into with all the freedom of a shotgun wedding. Vollmann pointed out that the courts. in cases involving the return of land. have ruled that "you cannot today look behind the treaties to see if

The U.S. Supreme Court has

claim: 4 million acres ST. REGIS MOHAWK claim: 23,000 acres MASSACHUSETTS WAMPANOAG

claim: 13,000 acres RHODE ISLAND NARRAGANSET claim: 3,200 acres award: 1,800 acres & \$3.5 million CONNECTICUT SCHAGHTICOKE claim: 1,200 acres WESTERN PEQUOT MOHEGAN claim: 1,000 acres SOUTH CAROLINA claim: 140,000 acres FLORIDA MICCOSUKEE TUNICA-BILOXI claim: 17,000 acres claim: parts of a 5-million-acre reservation award: 185,000 acres & \$975,000. upheld the original \$105 million

MAINE

PASSAMAQUODDY & PENORSCOT

claim: [2 million acres

award: 300,000 acres

award, most of it interest, to the Sioux. It's the biggest cash setflement in the West, but Fasthorse said the tribes plan to pursue their land claim in Congress. Across the country. Indians generally have regained land only through outof-court scittlements and congressional action.

For the Western Shoshones, it wasn'i a question of a good vs. a bad treaty. There simply wasn't any treaty abolishing their title to the land. When the Indians balked at paying an Interior Department grazing fee a number of years ago -- claiming the land still belonged to them -- it was discovered that no treaty barred them from a claim of at least 18 million acres of Nevada.

Holding out for land

In effect the first formal tederal taking of this land occurred in 1979 then the U.S. Court of Claims authorised payment of \$26 million, ending the Indians' title. The Shoshones want the land instead, and have relused the cash. Their case may wind up in Congress.

On a smaller scale the Covelo Indians in California claim that a stretch of state highway 162 illegally crosses their land. The issue whether the road, even in its carlier dirt form, existed before the Indian claim to those parcels.

When will the books close on Indian land claims, and the boundaries be fixed forever? Congressional efforts last year to stop the process by probibiting the return of land and permitting only payment for past injustices failed. The claims could continue as long as there are Indians to make them.

National Geographic news feature



At a powwow at Fort Laramie, Wyo., in 1868, Sioux warriors and U.S. peace peogitators talk Indian land. Oglala Sioux Chief Red Cloud protested government plans to open to settlers lands previously

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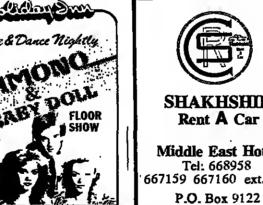
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CIVIL DEFENCE STREET

set aside for indians. Today, more than a century later, the Oglala Sioux still seek the return of land - South Dakota's Black Hills.

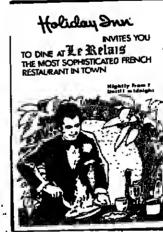




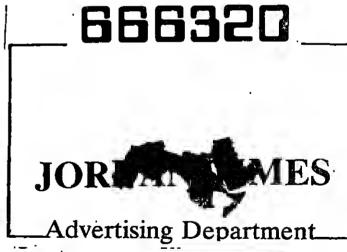


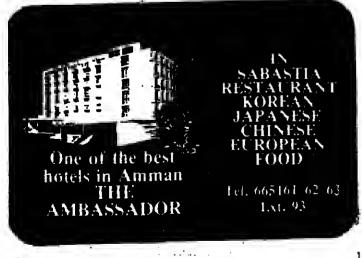
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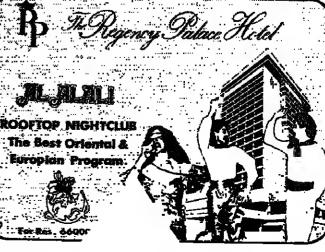
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SPORTS

New Zealand beats England cricketers at 29th attempt

Zealand, after trying for 52 years, won a cricket test in England for the first time here on Monday. completing a five-wicket victory to draw level at one win each in the four-match series.

Needing 101 to win the second test at Headingley, New Zealand survived a last and lurious display of pace bowling by England captain Bob Willis to reach 103 for tive shortly after tea on the fourth day. Willis captured all five New Zealand wickets to take his fally in iests to 300, a total surpassed by only three other bowlers.

But in the end, Willis's magnilicent bowling and an innings of 112 not out by David Gower served only to delay a lamous New Zealand victory.

In 28 previous tests in England. New Zealand had been beaten 17 times, including the first test of this series, and drawn the other 11 matches. On this occasion, however, under the asture captaincy of Geoff Howarth, they outplayed England in every department to

emerge worthy winners. Former England baisman Toin Gravency had the difficult job of deciding who should be the official Man of the Match. Half the New Zealand side must have been in the running and it was medium-(ast bowler Lance Cairns, with He wickets in the match, who was given the award.

Atter his seven wickers in the



LEEDS. England (R) - New first innings. Cairns wrapped up the England second innings on Monday by taking the last three wickets after Ewen Chatfield. New Zealand's other bowling hero, had made the initial breakthrough.

> England resumed at 154 for six. just two runs ahead, and a dangerous seventh-wicker stand developed between Gower and Graham Dilley who resisted the opening spells of Richard Hadlee and Cairos to take the score to 19tt. Charfield, with four wickers already under his belt, was called up and with his fourth ball had Dilley caught at the wicker for 15,

Cairns then mopped up, bowling Bob Taylor between hat and pad, having Willis brilliantly caught by Jeremy Coney darting to his left at second slip and in his first over after lunch having Norman Cowans taken at short leg.

England were all out for 252, a lead of 100, and Cairns finished with match figures of 10 for 144, But neither Cairos nor any other New Zealand bowler could dislodge the imperturbable Gower, who batted with his familiar easy grace to complete his sixth hundred in tests and his first in England since 1979. He batted

r 281 minutes and hit 14 fours. England's chances of bowling New Zealand out on a pitch that remained good were always minimal but to his credit. Willis bowled without any loss of spirit and

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for a while it seemed just possible he could amulate his 1481 feat on this ground when he fired England to an improbable win over Aus-He started by having Bruce

Edgar caught in the gully with the score | I and at 42 removed Howarth. caught by Derek Randall at mid wicket. John Wright was third out at 6tt, caught at cover for 26. and viartin Crowe gave a bat-pad catch to Allan Lamb at short leg one run later.

Willis's last success was at 83 when he spreadeagled Jeff Crowe's stumps to become only the fourth bowler to take 300 test wickets. Australian paceman Dennis Lillee (335), West Indian off spinner Lance Gibbs [3119] and England's Fred Trueman (3117) are the others.

With Willis bowling so well. New Zealano had to wait until after tea before sealing their victory, lan Botham was given the ball for the first time. Coney pounced on a loose opening delivery. smashing it away for four, and Headingley belonged to New Zea-

Howarth, the victorious skipper, was jubilant -- and relieved -- at the end when he admitted: 'To say the aimosphere in the dressing room was tense is an und-

Willis blamed poor bowling for England's deteat. "There was a lack of experience shown by our two most experienced bowlers and although I'm pleased to pass the 300 test wickets mark I wish I'd bowled better in the first innings."

green, tax free,

Two die in British 500cc race

SILVERSTONE. England (R) -Two riders were killed following a fifth-lap crash in the British 511(Icc Motorcycle Grand Prix here on Sunday

Britain's Norman Brown. 23. died instantly after being involved in an accident with Switzerland's Peter Huber. The Swiss was flown to the Radcliffe hospital in Oxford by helicopter but died shortly after despite heart massage.

The fatal accident occurred at the exit of Stowe corner. Brown. riding a Suzuki and apparently suffering mechanical trouble, slowed down and was being overtaken on either side when he appeared to be struck from behind by Huber.

The 28-lap race, which was halted on the sixth lap, was decided. over two stages--the positions at the end of the fifth lap and then a second section over 23 laps.

American Kenny Roberts, seeking his fourth world title, won both legs to take over the championship lead from compatriot Freddie Spencer, second in the first section and fourth in the re-

It was Roberts' fifth Grand Prix victory of the season and it left him with 117 points, two more than Spencer, with just two events to

Spencer and fellow-American Randy Mamola, third on Sunday and third in the championship standings with 79 points, both had brief spells in front before Roberts scorched into the lead on the fourth lap, a position he held until the tragic accident.

Spencer lived up to his nickname of "Fast Freddie" at the start of the re-run by surging to the front from the grid but he was quickly caught and passed by the Yamaha of Roberts.

Roberts, world champion from 1978-81, made no mistake after that and romped home a comfortable winner from compatriot and team-mate Eddie Lawson. Mamola also came through or

his Suzuki in the closing stages to relegate Spencer's Honda into fourth place in the second section Lawson filled fourth place overall ahead of Frenchman Marc Fontan and Takazumi Katayama

of Japan. Roberts, who will now be odds-on favourite to end Italy's two-year domination of Marco Lucchinelli and Franco Uncini also set a lap record of 192,26 kph.

Spain's Angel Nieto won the

to Rohrl's victory in Auckland at

the end of June which gave Lancia

and he could be a threat for the

Audis on the winding roads of

Patagonia. He won the Corsican

rally earlier this year on similar.

although drier, terrain, A total of 125 cars will set out

on Tuesday night on an initial

1.363 km (851 miles) drive to the

provincial capital of Neuquen, inc-

On Thursday morning, com-

petitors will leave for San Carlos

kms (187 miles) of speed tests.

luding two timed sections.

maximum 18 points.

125cc race to clinch the world title while a fourth place behind France's Jacques Bolle was enough to give Venezuelan Carlos Lavado the 250cc crown.

Soviet Union moves toward 6th women basketball title

SAO PAULO (R) - The Soviet Union took another step towards winning a sixth title when they crushed Bulgaria 94-63 (half-time 44-351 Sunday night in a finals round match of the ninth World

Women's Basketball Championship. China improved their chances of a place in the final by defeating

Yugoslavia 76-58 (32-34). The Soviet team, which surrendered the world crown to the United States when they refused to compete in South Korea four years ago. were hardly troubled by the Bulgarians, who were already out of

The Russians, who edged the Americans 85-84 on Saturday, top the standings in the eight-nation competition with three wins and no losses and seem certain to advance to Saturday's final matching the top two teams

Only in the first quarter did the Bulgarians offer serious resistance. and with 11 minutes gone the score was tied at 24 apiece. This was the signal for the imposing Soviet captain, 2.10 metre (6 foot 111-2:3 inch! tall Uliana Semenova, to enter the game after watching the opening minutes from the bench.

The Russians opened up a nine-point lead at the half, and in the second half their attacks speeded up with the Soviet number six Olecia Barel, coming off the bench to score 19 points.

The Chinese initially struggled to find their form against some tight defence by the Yugoslavs.

Drewett takes singles crown

SOUTH ORANGE. New Jersey RI — Unseeded Australian Brad Drewett Sunday beat thirdseeded compatriot John Alexander. 4-6, 6-4, 7-6 (9-7), to take the men's singles title in a \$125,000 tennis tournament here.

a 24-point lead over Audi in the manufacturers' standings. A win It was the first time an unseeded in Argentina would bring Audi a player had won in a tournament that dates back to 1927, Drewett. Markku Alen of Finland drivers 25, was the first Australian winner one of the three works Lancias since Colin Dibley in 1973.

The women's title was won top-seeded Andrea Temesvari of Hungary. She beat Pam Casale of the United States 6-3, 6-1 after defeating American Joanne Russell, 6-0, 6-2, in a morning semi-

Drewett. who won his only other Grand Prix title in Cairo in February last year when he beat Italy's Claudio Panatta, played inspired tennis in his three-set vic-

de Bariloche on a 713 km | 445 tory over his Sydney neighbour. mile) stage with more than 3ttt "I don't think that I have ever been so excited after a match." The last two legs will be run around Bariloche, said Drewett, after a contest that

lasted two hours and 14 minutes. A backhand drup volley gave Alexander, 32, a 6-3 lead in the tie-breaker game. Drewett anacked on the next point and lau-

The score went to 7-7 before Drewett cracked a forehand service return winner for match point and won with a backhand approach shot that drew a backhand error by Alexander.

Alexander won the first set from Drewett, his doubles partner in the tournament, with a service break in the fifth game. Drewett took a 3-ft lead in the second set but needed a service break in the 10th game to win after Alexander broke through in the ninth.

"Brad's weakest shots are his forehand volley and forehand and today he wasn't missing any of them from that side." Alexander

Oliva retains European title

RAPALLO. Italy (R) - Patrizio Oliva of Italy easily retained his European light-welterweight boxing crown here Sunday night when he defeated Antonio Guinaldo of Spain on points.

never in danger of losing the title he won last January at any stage in the scheduled 12-round fight. His superior reach and weight allowed him to outbox the older Spaniard. who rarely managed to land an accurate punch.

111

Audi Quattros start favourites in Argentine rally

BUENOS AIRES (R) - In the absence of World Champion Walter Rohrl of West Germany, one of the four-wheel drive Audi Quattros should win the Argentine International Motor Rally which

starts here on Tuesday, Rohrl has taken his Lancia Rally to three victories this season but is missing from the Italian team which entered three cars in this 3.244 km (2,430 mile) event, the third world championship rally ever organised in Argentina.

The West German firm's contingent is here in full force with veteran Finn Hannu Mikkola, currently second in the world cha-

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mpionship standings 22 points behind Rohrl. Frenchwoman Michele Mouton. Sweden's Stig Blomqvist and Shekhar Mehta of Kenya who will make his debut with Audi.

The four-leg rally which includes 18 special speed tests totalling 1.280 kms (800 miles) ends on Saturday afternoon in the fashionable Ski resort of San Carlos de Bariloche, 1,600 kms (1,000 miles) southwest of here.

Acknowledging that the mountainous terrain and the weather conditions -- snow recently fell around Bariloche -- might favour the 360-horsepower Audi Quattros and their leech-like grip. Lancia team chief Nino Russo said he Italians would be content with

"We only came here because we won the New Zealand rally," Russo told reporters in a reference

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Europe

A portrait of Craxi (likely to be Italy's first Socialist premier)

The Socialist tier (Southern Europe moves left, while the north goes right)

Reagan's man for Central America (cover story on Judge William Clark) The many faces of Peter Ustinov (portrait of gen-

Arab arms for Tehran (Iraqis charge emirates smuggle weapons to Iran)

German expressionism: Alive and well (Time's art critic reviews the movement)

NEWS IN BRIEF

IDB grants Algeria \$36m

BAHRAIN (R) - The Jeddah-based Islamic Development Bank (IDB) has granted Algeria \$36 million to finance the import of cement from Turkey, an IDB statement said. This brought the total of the bank's grants to Algeria to 5x6 million.

S. Arabia to help Pakistani projects

ISLAMABAD (OPECNA) - The first meeting of the Saudi-Pakistani Industrial and Agricultural Investments Company has approved the financing of four projects in Pakistan at a total cost of \$14.5 million. An official announcement said the projects are in Islamabad and underdeveloped areas of the north-west frontier

Gulf states will not alter oil prices

NICOSIA (R) - Saudi Arabia and Kuwait are not planning to raise their official heavy crude oil prices despite increases announced by three other major producers, the Middle East Economic Survey (MEES) said Monday. Saudi and Kuwaiti prices were 60 cents and 10 to 15 cents respectively below current spot

Oil ministers meet in Venezuela

PUERTO LA CRUZ. Venezuela (OPECNA) - Oil ministers from Ecuador. Mexico. Trinidad, Tobago and Venezuela began a meeting here. Monday to discuss regional and world petroleum matters. The aim of the "consulting group" has been described as an effort to establish "an informal mechanism to apeed up an exchange of information and ideas.". The four countries are the Latin American region's largest petroleum exporters, capable of producing some six million barrels of oil per day.

Saudis expect wheat sufficiency

JEDDAH (R) - Saudi Arabian Minister of Commerce Mr. Suleiman Abdul Aziz Al Salim Sunday said he expected the kingdom to be self-sufficient in wheat production next year, the official Saudi Press Agency reported. The minister estimated Saudi Arabia's wheat production for the current year to be 6(N),(UN) tons, the agency said. Saudi Arabia consumes about KIRLURI tons of wheat annually and imports the rest mainly from

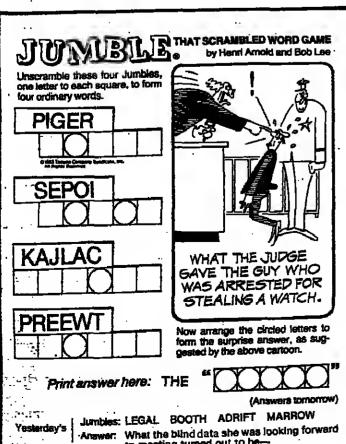
Algeria raises food prices

PARIS (R) - The Algerian government Sunday announced increases ranging from 10 to 30 per cent in the price of basic food products which are heavily subsided. The measures aim at redressing imbalances in the home market, reducing imports by promoting national production and improving profit margins for the small shopkeeper, the Algerian news agency APS received in Paris said. The increases, concerning bread, cooking oil and eggs. come into force Monday. At the same time, the government has decided to increase by about 15 per cent the price of wheat paid to Algerian farmers. APS said:

OAPEC to meet Aug. 10 in Taif

BAHRAIN (R) — Arab oil producers have set Aug. 111 as the date for an extraordinary meeting to set rules for a tribunal which could pave the way for a resolution of a dispute between Syria and Iraq. officials said Monday. The officials at the headquarters of the Organisation of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (OAPEC) in Kuwait said the meeting would be held in the Saudi resort town of Taif.





tn meeting turned out to be-

Kuwaiti cabinet endorses new bill on stock market debts

KUWAIT (R) - The Kuwaiti culative boom on the unofficial dated cheques coming due for new bill aimed at settling billions of dollars of debis from last year's stock market crash and asked parliament to consider it next week. A cabinet statement said the

bill, which aims to reduce the numbers of potential bankruptcies, calls for settlement of share dealings at their original market prices plus a premium of no more than 25 per cent.

The debts arose from forward dealing in shares through the medium of post-dated cheques which generally included massive premiums over the prevailing market

Unofficial estimates put gross debts from the collapse of the spe-

cabinet Sunday night endorsed a Souk Al Manakh market at over S90 billion.

But the picture was complicated by the fact that much of this total comprised back-to-back debts between a relatively small number of speculators.

Kuwaiti minister of commerce and industry Mr. Jasim Al Marzuq told reporters he expected a 40 per cent reduction in outstanding debts if the bill becomes law. The proposed legislation also

permits dealers to settle debts privately. The crisis arose when the unofficial market, set up to deal in shares of non-Kuwaiti Gulf companies and circumvent official

market rules, collapsed as post-

payment were not honoured.

The government has already paid out 500 million dinars (\$1.7 billion) to reimburse small investors -- defined as those owed up to two million dinars (\$6.9 million) - for their losses.

It has also spent several hundred million more tover 52 billion) supporting prices on the official market in an attempt to maintain some degree of confidence. But the scale of the problem has

defeated previous efforts to unravel the web of debts, further complicated by a parallel debt crisis arising from a erash in the real estate market.

This too was financed to a great

major debtors in many cases also have substantial debts from the Manakh crash.

Delays in finally resolving outstanding debts and the consequent uncertainty overhanging financial markets have caused considerable disruption to the Kuwaiti eco-

Major banks in Kuwait say their exposure to losses from bad debis arising from the crisis is low. But smaller banks in Kuwait and elsewhere in the Gulf could

face substantial losses, the fin-

ancial sources said. And the bigger banks may find

loans made for purposes other than share dealings going sour on them if major bank ruptcies do finextent by post-dated cheques and ally result. the sources added.

Turkey confident to borrow despite weaker economy

ISTANBUL(R) - Turkey is con- and oil price rises. fident that its standing as an intemational borrower will continue to improve despite signs that its economic performance is deteriorating, government officials

Bankers, meanwhile, said a \$200 million loan agreement signed by Turkey last month indicated its growing access to intemational markets after several years of virtual exclusion.

The government officials said Turkey, with a foreign debt of about 518 billion at the end of last year, hoped to borrow more on the international market, altting earlier optimistic predictions. Until last year. Turkey was effectively shut out of international markets after it rescheduled debts in 1978, 1979 and 1980 because of severe foreign currency shortages caused by falling exports

opening 5p lower at 439p.

Dear Chuck,

Mercie got a

letter from you today.

Monetarist economic policies and export incentives implemented after January 1980 helped Turkey to improve its balance of payments position and service external debts.

Now, after a \$118 million balance of payments surplus in 1982. the country faces a large deficit this year. Although estimated officially at

5575 million, the likely 1983 shorifall has been put closer to \$1 billion by central bank officials.

The loan signed last week and a \$150 million standby credit from the International Monetry Fund in hough the economy was not mee- June have been the only external borrowings made by Turkey this year to offset the deficit, the officials said.

They expected export credits would be sufficient to cover foreign currecy needs this year. Turkey would have to pay \$2.9

How come I didn't,

Chuck? I wrote to

you, too, you know.

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) - Share prices closed lower after a quiet day's

trading but most issues were above opening lows, dealers said.

The F.T. index at 1500 was off 5.2 at 706.0 after being 9.7 lower at

Prices opened up to 8p lower on fears U.S. interest rates are set to rise, but later most leading industrials trimmed the losses back to between 2p and 4p. Gold shares moved lower with the bullion

U.S. shares eased in line with Wall Street while government

Banks were weak with Lloyds and Natwest, trading ex-dividend

Monday, losing 30p and 25p at 514p and 619p, dealers added.

Barclays, which reports interim results this Friday, was off 10p at

479p after 477p. Midland. however, railied to unchanged after

Among companies announcing results Monday. Tozer Kemsley was a penny higher at 35p. after 37p. following interim figures

Elsewhere ICI was off 4p at 54tip and Vickers. Grand Met-

which showed the company had returned to profit.

ropolitan and Allied Lyons shed a penny or two.

bonds tended to recover opening losses of up to 42 point.

billion to service its external debts and high exports. this year. \$1.6 billion in principal repayments and \$1.3 billion in interest, compared with \$2.6 billion in 1982.

In the first seven months of 1983, it paid \$1.6 billion to service foreign debis, the officials said. The officials, confident that

Turkey's creditworthiness would improve further, said the country would seek more project credits and longer-term loans from intemational banks.

The loans signed since its return last year to the international mar- year. kets include a 5200 million preexport financing to the state agricultural bank. a \$76,5 million loan to Turkish airlines for aircraft fmancing, and a \$21.5 million credit for the Turkish electric com-

Optimism is waning, however, that 1983 will be a year of eco-

The wholesale price index. considered the main indicator of inflation, rose by 17 per cent in the first six months of this year, shattering a 211 per cent estimate by Finance Minister Adnan Baser Kafaoglu for the whole year. In 1982, inflation was officially

25 per cent, Exports were estimated to be

\$7.1 billion this year, but the target was lowered to \$6.2 billion after five months, Exports were \$5.7 billion last

Estimates for economic growth this year were also revised downwards to 2.9 per cent from 4.8. Growth in 1982 was 4.6 per

Economists said the monetarist austerity programme, coupled with the systematic depreciation of Turkish lira, was behind many nomic recovery, with low inflation of Turkey's economic difficulties.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Wonday.

One sterling One U.S. dollar

1.2333/36 2.6655'65 2.9775/85 2.1460/911 53.30/34 8.0180/0210 243.25'40

1577.25'1578.25 7.7950'8000 7.4275/4325 4.5425175

U.S. dollars Canadian dollars West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss trancs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen

414.10/414.60 One ounce of gold

How come you didn't

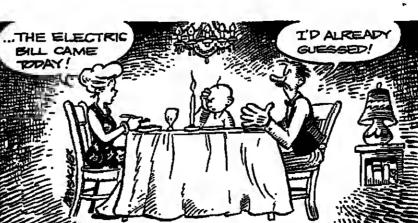
write to me Chuck?

Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns U.S. dollars

Represent Patty

Peanuts





Andy Capp









FORECAST FOR TUESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1983

YOUR DAILY

GENERAL TENDENCIES: You have the chance to get a well-rounded understanding of where you are headed in mundane matters and to consider just what your emo-

tional situation is at the moment. ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Talk over with kin just what should be done to have greater monetary security.

Plan improvements to your property.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Fine day for going out and expressing yourself ideally where it is most impor-

tant. Socialize with family tonight. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Find some new way nf adding to your present income so that you need not suffer

lack in the future. Ba generous. MOON CHILDREN (Juna 22 to July 211 You have personal desires that can be gained if you go after them in a wise and practical fashion.

LEO (July 22 to Ang. 21) Good day to confer with a powerful person you know who can help you with your credit and other affairs.

VIRGO |Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) A good pal could give you clever ideas that you would do well to follow, since new doors of apportunity can be opened.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) A practical matter needs an expert for solving, so contact this person early. Tonight

do something practical for a loved one. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) An associate can giva ynu a fine idea that will be helpful in your daily operations and projection. Plan e trip today.

SAGITTARIUS (Nnv. 22 to Dec. 21) Persevere in your work and the profits could be even more than you anticipate. Listen to suggestinns.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 201 Consider the amusements you have had with good friends and plan more of them as soon as feasible.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) If you talk over work affairs with kin, they can give you good advice so that you get rid of problems. Be helpful today. PISCES (Feh. 20 to Mar. 20) Show daily allies that you

appreciate their efforts and want to continue to be allied with them. Attend to correspondence. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will

love to work with figures and think constructively. Plan now to give as fine an education along business lines as you can, but make sure that religious tenets are learned early in life.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to youl

THE Daily Crossword By John H. Hales

28 Medium of

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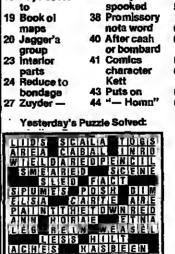
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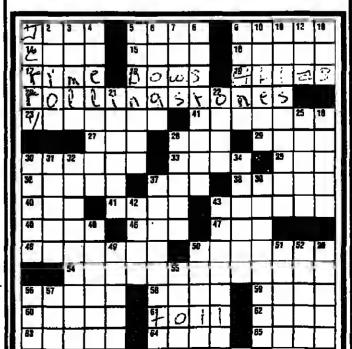
tha way 11 Throbbing 47 Counsel: 12 Meadow 46 Frugal ona 50 Purify 13 Curve 21 Have a nnlion 22 Awara of landmark 25 Worth In Georgia violin bows

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WORLD

Betancur: 'The ice is broken'

Reagan's envoy meets Salvador rebel leader

BOGOTA (R) — Colombian President Belisario Betancur has said the U.S.-backed government in El Salvador and left-wing guerrillas fighting to overthrow it may hold direct talks aimed at ending 3-1/2 vears of civil war.

vir. Becaucur was speaking to reporters Sunday after U.S. special envoy Richard Stone met Ruben Zamora, a leader of the political wing of the Farabundo Marti National Liberation Front (FVINL), a coalition of antigovernment guerrilla groups.

Mr. Stone later made a lighting trip to El Salvador, where he had two hours of talks with the government peace commission, responsible for bringing the guerrillas into the political process. He returned to Colombia Saturday

vir. Betaneur, who was to meet vir. Stone again Sunday, described the two-hour meeting between the envoy and Mr. Zamora as 'a transcendental step' and said there could be "other meetings in some undertermined place at some undertermined date."

While details of the meeting were not disclosed. Mr. Zamora said in a relevision interview shown in the United States he expected more talks soon between Sione and the guerrillas,

"We hope that in the near luture we are going to be able to meet again." he said. Mr. Betaneur said at his news

Liberation Army (PLA) Monday

threw off drah hattle gear and

donned smart new uniforms as it

marked the 56th anniversary of its

Honour guards from the three

services making up the PLA were

shown on the front pages of Vlon-

day's national newspapers in new

For almost two decades, the

army gave up formal rank and

dress, considered inappropriate to

communism and anailiema to the

ultra-lettists who held power in

the decade of the Cultural Rev-

A shapeless green or blue cor-

ton uniform with no indication of

rank or unit was common to all

aimed to reinstitute ranks by

Villuary sources said the forces

The black and white newspaper

photos did not give exact details of

the new unilorms. But the general

BY CHARLES GOREN

1983 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc.

Q.-Two weeks ago, we

concerned about the specifics

of which card to lead in a

take care of itself. They

prefer to be busy little bees,

flitting from one suit to

another, from one line of

defense to something else.

All they succeed in doing is

to confuse partner and make

life easy for the enemy - the

Usually, the auction will

tell you when you should

adopt an active desense. If

your opponents know what

declarer.

DEAR MR. GOREN

establishment.

olution from 1966.

services, except sailors.

Chinese army gets new

uniforms on anniversary

GOREN BRIDGE

conference: "It is possible for contacts to take place between the Salvadorean guerrillas and some Salvadorean governmental off-

ices. But neither dates nor venues are determined. "All this becomes a possibility stemming from what happened (at the meeting) here in Bogota bet-

ween noon and 2 p.m.' He added: "The ice is broken". vir. Sione's aide. Joe Presel. and Salvadorean officials told reporters in San Salvador that the envoy would not act as an intermediary between guerrillas and

the government. 'He's not negotiating. Mr. Presel said.

Francisco Quinones, head of the peace commission, said: "The meetings that Stone has with the guerrillas are something apart from the meetings the peace commission is bound to have with the guerrillas.

Nn U.S. mediation

vlr. Zamora said that if the guerrillas held direct talks with the Salvadorean government, they would be without U.S. mediation. Guerrilla leaders contacted the

icers have a square cut tunic with

lour front pockets, red collar pat-

ches and shoulder bars with stars

in the centre.

emblem at front.

a planned meeting with Mr. Stone in Costa Rica fell through. In announcing the contact then.

Mr. Quinones said the threemember peace commission was the only body that would negotiate with the guerrillas on electoral participation. Mr. Quinones would not reveal the substance of the communication.

The Salvadorean government has said it is unwilling to oegotiate with the rebels over powersharing and would limit discussion to their participation in elections.

ermediary. Mr. Quinones said. "Sione is doing an excellent job in trying to pursue his objectives.

Mr. Stone will not act as an int-

which are to try to come to a peacetul resolution to the conflicts that exist in the area." he added. The United States has promised

to help with the elections, tentatively set for later this year as a means of ending the civil war in which an estimated 42,11111 people

vir. Stone was expected to go to Nicaragua Sunday for talks with the Sandinist government as part of his third tour of the region in two months, loreign ministry officials said in Managua.

accused Nicaragua of transshipping Cuban arms to the guerrillas in El Salvador.

Anti-Marcos rally held

PEKING (R) — China's People's outline was indicated by new garb worn Mooday by members of the People's armed police force guarding embassy compounds -- and the new style seemed very Soviet. Army, air force and naval off-

which they said was a violation of

green while the navy's is white. Trousers for the army arc green with blue for the other two services. The helmet is high-browed and broad-brimmed with national All piping on the uniforms appvalidity of the PCO. ears to be vellow. Shoes are black

leather, with polished brown Sam Browne belt and holster for the side-arm. There was little change in the

classic sailors' white and blue unitorm with red flashes and peakless

Police were given similar blue dress uniforms last week.

quickly, or you are likely to

The Reagan administration has

MANILA (R) - About 70tt people demonstrated at the Philippine Supreme Court Monday, protesting against its decision upholding the special powers of President Ferdinand Marcos to order

It was the third time in two months that a noisy demonstration has been staged at the Supreme Court since it upheld, in a majority decision last April, the

demonstration, which lasted nearly three hours, said about 1.516 people had been arrested for political reasons since last year.

U.S. police net escapee

woman, police said.

Kevin Cooper, 25, was caught hy police on a U.S. Coast Guard vessel Saturday in Santa Barbara channel alter he dived from a

Cooper after he was charged in his absence with murdering Douglas and Peg Ryen, both 41, their daughier dessiea. 10, and a neighhour's son. Christopher Hughes. 12. in their home in Chino Hills, on June 5.

By Bernd Debusmann

MANAGUA - Despite mou-

ning hostility hetween rev-

olutionary Nicaragua and the Uni-

icd States. Uncle Sam's cultural

influence still pervades life here.

from television and cinema to

Television viewers are as lam-

iliar with the adventures of Flipper

the dolphin as with the tri-

bulations of Los Angeles City edi-

tor Lou Grant or detective Bar-

naby Jones. Battleship Galactica

tackles evil forces in space at

Both relevision channels in Nic-

aragua, are run by the ruling San-

dinist National Liberation Front

(FSLN1, whose anthem pro-

claims: "We fight against the

in July the FSLN marked the

lourth anniversary of its civil war

victory over the late dictator Ana-

stasio Somoza with celebrations.

many including dancing, singing and setting the torch to the U.S.

Yankee, enemy of mankind,"

sports and music.



divided over C. America of seeing a "Marxist-Leninist oeuvres) ... are merely routine. It NEW YORK (R) — U.S. Central under every Central American America policy has divided conbush. The result is a policy without servatives and liberals across the

United States in newspaper debwisdom or conscience" ates reminisceot of the early days Opinions have been sharpened over the receot appointment of of U.S. involvement in Vietnam. Syndicated columnist William former Secretary of State Henry Raspberry wrote in the Was-Kissinger to head a commission on hington Post "We are in Vietnam. Ceotral America It is, if anything, worse than Vie-tnam because we experieoced

Mr. Safire said the commission is charged with recommending policy to meet the challenge of aggression in Ceotral America. not to satisfy the nation's vocal minority of cut-and-run advocates'

Hodding Carter, chief State Department spokesman under President Carter, countered Mr. Saftre's view, writing in the Wall Street Journal.

Mr. Reagan has brought out the morally boneless Henry Kissinger to head a commission whose only real purpose is to provide the conceptual fig leaf for policy decisions that have already been made." Mr. Carter wrote.

Planned U.S. military manoeuvres off Honduras have been seen as symptomatic of administration coofusion by the New York Times.

Mr. Reagao's "lofty definition of United States objectives (in Central America) is certainly worthy of a generous people. But in describing his tactics he only compounds the confusion he deplores," it said.

If those manoeuvres are not meant to be a massive show of force, theo money is being squandered and diplomacy is being pointlessly undermined. If arming the exiled reactionaries of Nicaragua is commoo sense, he is woefully misled," the Times said.

The Baltimore Sun said it was 'disconcerting to watch Mr. Reagan preteod that (the mao-

was unsettling to hear the commander-in-chief assert he didn't know how many ships are going to Central American waters or how long they will remain".

Mr. Reagan has not persuaded

the nation to give its support to the military operation, the Chicago Tribune added.

"Uotil he does, the military posturing in Central America is doomed to failure".

The Los Angeles Times said the House of Representatives. in voting to cut off covert aid to anti-Sandioist forces in Nicaragua, had also cast a vote of oo confidence in the Reagan administration's pol-icies toward Central America.

Bush airs views

PORTLAND, Maine (R) -Vice-Presideot George Bush has said the Reagan administration did oot favour either seoding combat troops into Ceotral America or trying to overthrow the Nicaraguao government.

ernors conference here, Mr. Bush said that the Reagao admtoistratioo's policy on Central America was being misunderstood both at home and abr-

He said the administration was committed to fostering democratic goals, principles and ideals in the region. He added: "It is also our objective to provide the area with a security shield -- in particular for those countries whose economic iofrastructure are being destroyed by the guerrillas.

Let me say what the Reagan administration does oot favour. We are not sending U.S. troops into combat in Central America. We are not trying to overthrow the Nicaraguan government".

ologian Hans Kueng said in an intcriew published Sunday that the Vatican was like a totalizarian

human rights abroad but refuse to give them to their own people." he

uetant to sign the Council of Europe's declaration on human rights because "it would have to change

But during the anniversary week, nine of Managua's 1% cin-

emas were showing U.S. films

ranging Irmm "The Great Esc-

ape", starring Steve vicQueen to

Walt Disney's "Bambi", not

noted for its revolutionary mes-

Nicaraguan radio stations, inc-

luding the official voice of Nic-

by singers such as Donna Summer.

Dodgers and Padres

The three newspapers, inc-

luding the FSLN organ barricada.

carry detailed reports on U.S. bas-

eball. The New York Yankees, the

Los Angeles Dodgers, the San

For a country portrayed by the

here.

from training candidates for the Roman Catholic priesthood after he questioned doctrines on papal infallibility and the virgin birth of Christ, said: "I will fight for rehabilitation as long as I live."

"The Pope receives movie stars. communists and atheists. But he does not like to meet with critical Roman Catholic theologians."

Although the Pope was critical of capitalism and communism. given his past he is very scentical about Western democracy'. Mr. Kueng added.

"That's why he is very progressive about certain social issues hut very conservative when it comes to democracy inside the church. Instead of real collegiality inside the church, we have a new

'S. Asian developments disturbing'

NEW DELHI (R) — Prime Minister Indira Gandhi referred to disturbing developments in India's neighbourbood when she opened a landmark meeting of seveo South Asian foreign ministers here Monday.

Without mentioning ethnic violence in Sri Lanka by name, she said: "Even as we meet there are disturbing and tragic developments in our nei ghbourhood".

. India's policy was not to interfere in the affairs of others, Mrs. Gandhi said. adding: "But ours ia a troubled regioo... it would be idle to pretend that we are not affected by what happens els-

ewhere". Mrs. Gandhi is under pressure, particularly from the Tamilmajority southern state of Tamil Nadu, to intervene to end violence in Sri Lanka between Sinhalese and Tamils.

She was inaugurating a two-day meeting of South Asian foreign ministers to launch a programme of economic and cultural cooperation for the region. Bilateral and contentious matters are excluded from the scope of talks.

This is the first ministerial-level meeting of the seven, comprising Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, Maldives. Nepal, Pakistan and Sri

Earlier Monday Mrs. Gandhi met Sri Lankan Foreign Minister Shahul Hammed, but details of their talks were oot available.

A political delegation from

Tamil Nadu Sunday asked the prime minister to intervene actively and urgently to stop the killings of Tamils.

Mrs. Gandhi's spokesman said. she urged the politicians to ensure popular passions were not aroused over the ethnic violence and that oothing was done to aggravate the situation in India or the island.

Sri Lanka lifts curfew tentatively

COLOMBO (R) — Big queues formed outside banks and food shops in the riot-hit Sri Lankan capital of Colombo Monday as the government tentatively lifted a curfew that had been in force throughout the weekend.

Troops and security police checked vehicles coming into town. The curfew was also relaxed across the island despite reports by the government that violence had spread to the highland town of Nuwara Eliya, centre of the Sri Lankan tea trade.

The government was bringing food by ship to Colombo from other parts of the island to ease possible shortages caused by a week of ethnic bloodshed that has claimed more than 200 lives according to official figures.

Colombo port was on 24-hour shifts Monday but government offices remained closed. There were no immediate reports of fresh trouble.

A government minister said on state-run Sri Lankan Radio the violence had wrecked the economic progress the country had made over the six years President Junius Jayewardene had been in DOWET.

Scores of shops, offices and homes helonging to the Tamilspeaking minority in the island have been systematically destroyed in the violence, which the government charges was instigated by an unnamed foreign

NEWS BRIEF

BBC gets new Jewish chairman

LONDON (R) - A 49-year-old accountant, Stuart Young, Monday hecame head of the BBC, the British Broadcasting Corporation. Mr. Young, the first Jewisb BBC chairman, takes over from 63year-old George Howard who retired after holding the job since 1980. A specialist in corporate finance. Mr. Young bas been a BBC governor since 1981. When Prime Minister Margaret Thatcber appointed him in March. some commentators suggested his active part in Britain's Jewish community could complicate the BBC's role, particularly that of its external services. But Mr. Young pledged to keep the 60-year-old publicly-owned BBC independent. "I am dedicated to the concept of the independence of the BBC, as being the single most important concept of the whole operation," he told one int-

Protest costs \$276 to Maori activist

WELLINGTON (R) - A Maori who lifted up his piupiu and bared his burlocks at the Prince and Princess of Wales on their visit to New Zealand was fined 425 dollars (\$276) Monday. Dun te Ringa Mangu Mihaka had refused to plead to the charge and invited Wellington District Court Judge Haddon Gilbert to "do his darndest and bring down the maximum penalty". The court had heard that when the Prince and Pricess arrived in Wellington oo April 20 on a tour of New Zealand. Mihaka turned his back on them and whisked up his piupiu (grass skirt). Mihaka, 42, who described himself as a political activist. said the charge trivialised his action which had profound cultural significance as a serious and traditional Maori protest against the royal couple's visit.

Hong Kong talks to be held in Peking

PEKING (R) - Chinese and British officials meet in Peking Tuesday for a third round of detailed talks on the future of Hong Kong before taking a summer break. The colony's governor. Sir Edward Youde, will be taking part as a member of the British team as he did in the two previous two-day meetiogs last month.

Menuhin to play at Niven's funeral

CHATEAU D'OEX, Switzerland (R) - Violinist Yehudi Menuhio will play at the funeral here Tuesday of David Niven, friends of the British actor said. Niven, who died at his Alpioe chalet last Friday aged 73, will be buried in the towo graveyard after a ceremony in the Anglican church of St. Peter, according to family spokesman Alistair Forbes. Menuhin, a friend of Niven's with a home in nearby Gstaad, plans to play the andance from Mendelssohn's octet, the friends said.

8 Irish youths feared drowned

LISDOONVARNA. Ireland (R) Eight youngmen are feared drowned in a swimming tragedy off the Irish coast, rescue workers said Mooday. They were swept out to sea by strong undercurrents while swimming Sunday in the Atlantic off the small fishing village of Doolin, eight kilometres from this western Irish town. The body of a youth was recovered late Suoday and at first light Monday lifeboats and an Irish army helicopter resumed a search for seven men, including three brothers, a marine rescue service spokesman

Split appears in Awami League

DHAKA (R) - Bangladesh's biggest political party. the Awami League, appeared Monday to be moving towards a split following. an outbreak of violence among party members. Rival groops of supporters of Awami League President Sheikh Hasina Wazed daughter of the late Mulibur Rabman -- and Secretary-General Abdur Razzak clashed in attempts to take control of the party's central office in Dhaka

Theologian says Vatican totalitarian NEW YORK (R) - Swiss themany elements of its canontchu-

developing a personality cult.

"He (President Reagan) knows, or ought to, that all the talk about

helpless giants and flagging American will is rhetoric aimed at get-

ting us more deeply involved than

the American people want to be". He recalled the history of U.S.

involvement in South East Asia:

regime threatened by communist-inspired insurgents.

then the escalation of our support

in money and arms, each time on

the supposition that the oext inf-

usion will enable the distrusted

government to turn the corner, then the widening of our role... to

ioclude our client's neighbours'.

William Safire, former speech

writer for President Nixon, took a

different view, writing that "Cen-

tral America is vital to the defence

Reagan's former secretary of

state: it turns out, was right. A

region-wide war is going on, and that undentable fact forces us to

choose up sides." Mr. Safire, ano-

"... Unless Americans take

But William Sloane Coffin. an

outspoken critic of U.S. policy as

Yale University's chaplaio during

the Vietnam War, accused the

Reagan administration of "being

obsessed with communism" and

sides, no chaoce for negotiations

ther syndicated columnist, said.

"Sabre-rariliog Al Haig Mr.

of the United States".

will exist".

First, token help to prop up a

Mr. Kueng. hanned in 1979

Hollywood and baseball cut across ideological lines in Nicaragua

cept," said a receot guest from Marxist South Yemen. "They North American content of Nichave real hotchpotch on their telaragua's television could be neaevision and in the cinemas." The U.S. government is accfrom Canada.

using the Sandinistas of acting as exporters of Marxist revolution to the rest of Central America, on behalf of the Soviet Union and aragua, broadcast U.S. pop music Cuba and with the aid of thousands of Russian and Cuban adv-The government here denies

the charge, and culturally at least. Cuba and the Soviet Union have had little impact. In July, material made in the

Soviet Union took up eight hours of programming time -- less than Diego Padres and the Baltimore major league baseball from the Orioles are household names United States.

30 per cent U.S.

administration of President Rea-"About 3tl per cent of our progan as a drub, joyless Murxist hell. Nicaragua's cultural spectrum is gramming is from the United Stawide enough to puzzle visitors tes." said Oscar Miranda. San-

ear to have clear ideological consingle supplier." Dedicated viewers think the

> Sandinist officials explain the pervasive U.S. influence by proximity, tradition and cost; U.S. productions tend to be cheaper than comparable imports from

Europe or Latin America. Under Somoza, U.S. proper cent of television time and the dominance of U.S. cinema films

Sandinist television's censors weed out material they consider too violent or lacking in social merit. Themes glorifying war are axed, as are films featuring heroes who work for the Central Int-

Touchy point

The Sandinists occasionally go

showing the hero of a story as a member of the U.S. armed forces. foreign diplomats say.

Nicaraguan viewers never saw the second part of the U.S. television series" Roots' which depicis a black American tamily who came to the United States as slaves from West Africa. Part two was censored because it showed the hern marching into World War I on the side of the United States.

" l don't think we would like our present programme mix to change significantly," said Mr. Miranda. "We want to have variety, we want to have a window to the

The window shows more of the West than the East, whose cinematic and literary products have limited attraction here.

At a Managua supermarket the collected works of Lenin were on sale. 900 pages of small print for the equivalent of \$1.75. Asked how much demand there was for it, a shop assistant replied drily: "It's not exactly a bestseller."

they are doing and bid confidently to a small slam, it is usually safe to assume that you do not have time to ait around and wait for tricks to come to you. You have to go out and promote tricks for your side, because the opening lead is probably the only chance you are going to get to strike a mortal blow to your opponents. Defending against a grand slam, however, a safe lead is preferable - let declarer guess how to play the hand. Here's another case where

find that they have withered on the vine. Suppose that one opponent has shown a long. strong suit and they have come to rest in another started a discussion about strain. Unless you get your opening leads. We were not tricks early, the long suit is likely to provide declarer with all the tricks or discards given situation, but rather that he oeeds. Io this situawith general principles. In tion you must attack, even that column we concentrated though you make a risky lead mainly on whether or not to that could cost your side a lead a trump. Now we turn trick.

our attention to plain snit Then there are times when the bidding clearly indicates A. - Defense falls into two that you should play safely. categories: active and pas-Consider this auction: sive. Most players hate to sit South North back and let the situation

10 14 1NT 2NT

North-South have shown no particular likiog for each other's suits. South has shown a minimum opening bid and North did not have enough to leap to game - he made an invitational raise which his partner accepted. Obviously, they have little to spare in the way of high cards, so the contract can hardly be laydown. If you get busy and give them a trick for nothing, you might be handing them game and rub-

Here's a simple rule of thumb to guide you in deciding whether you should conduct an active or passive defense. Ask yourself: "On the auction, does it sound that, left to his own devices. declarer will easily fulfill his

cantract." If the answer is yes, attack. If no, conduct a passive defense and let declarer dn you have to take your tricks his own work.

Demonstrators, chanting antigovernment slogans, demanded the abolition of the Presidential Commitment Order (PCO).

the people's democratic rights.

Human rights groups have filed a petition asking for a review, but the court has not yet made a dec-

Leaflers distributed during the

SANTA BARBARA. California (R) — An escaped prisoner charged with killing four people with an axe and knile after his breakout was captured in a boat chase after he was alleged to have raped a

yachi, police said Sunday. A massive hunt was started for

flag or effigies of President Rea- from countries with less variety.

state and Pope John Paul II was "The Varican is, unfortunately, very similar to a lot of totalitarian states that are always demanding

told the American magazine New-He said the Vatican was rel-

rch | law. especially those concerning fair legal proceedings".

He said he had made many unsuccessful attempts to get an audience with the Pope, and added: In Rome they expect capitulation before they are ready to enter into a dialogue.

> dinist television's programme dir- to considerable lengths to avoid The Nicaraguans do not appector. "The U.S. is still our biggest-

> > rer 50 per cent, counting material

ductions accounted for roughly Nt) was even stronger than now.

elligence Agency (CIA) or other U.S. espionage organisations.

world.